

Veritas Access 7.2.1.1 NetBackup Solutions Guide

Linux

7.2.1.1

Veritas Access NetBackup Solutions Guide

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https://sort.veritas.com/data/support/SORT_Data_Sheet.pdf

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Veritas Access integration with NetBackup

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About Veritas Access](#)
- [About Veritas Access as a NetBackup client](#)
- [About Veritas Access as backup storage for NetBackup](#)
- [Use cases for long-term data retention](#)

About Veritas Access

Veritas Access is a software-defined scale-out network-attached storage (NAS) solution for unstructured data that works on commodity hardware. Veritas Access provides resiliency, multi-protocol access, and data movement to and from the public and private cloud based on policies. You can reduce your storage costs by using low-cost disks and by storing infrequently accessed data in the cloud.

About Veritas Access as a NetBackup client

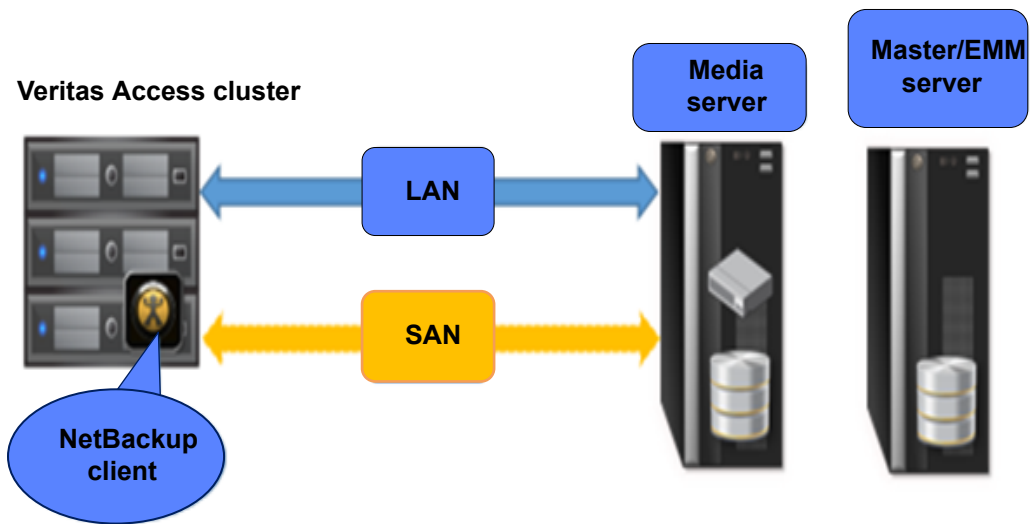
Veritas Access is integrated with Veritas NetBackup so that a NetBackup administrator can back up your Veritas Access file systems to NetBackup master or media servers and retain the data as per your company policy. Once data is backed up, a storage administrator can delete unwanted data from Veritas Access. The NetBackup master and media servers that run on separate computers from Veritas Access are licensed separately from Veritas Access.

You configure NetBackup domain information using any one of the following Veritas Access interfaces:

- CLISH
The Veritas Access CLISH has a dedicated `Backup>` menu. From the `Backup>` menu, register the NetBackup client with the NetBackup domain. Information is saved in the `bp.conf` file on Veritas Access.
- GUI
Settings > NetBackup Configuration
See the online Help for how to configure NetBackup using the GUI.
- RESTful APIs
See the *Veritas Access RESTful API Guide*.

Consolidating storage reduces the administrative overhead of backing up and restoring many separate file systems. Critical file data can be backed up and restored through the NetBackup client on Veritas Access.

Figure 1-1 Configuration of Veritas Access with NetBackup



About Veritas Access as backup storage for NetBackup

This document describes how Veritas Access fulfills the needs of NetBackup customers looking for a cost-effective solution for moving away from tape backups, yet retain the backed-up data for the long term.

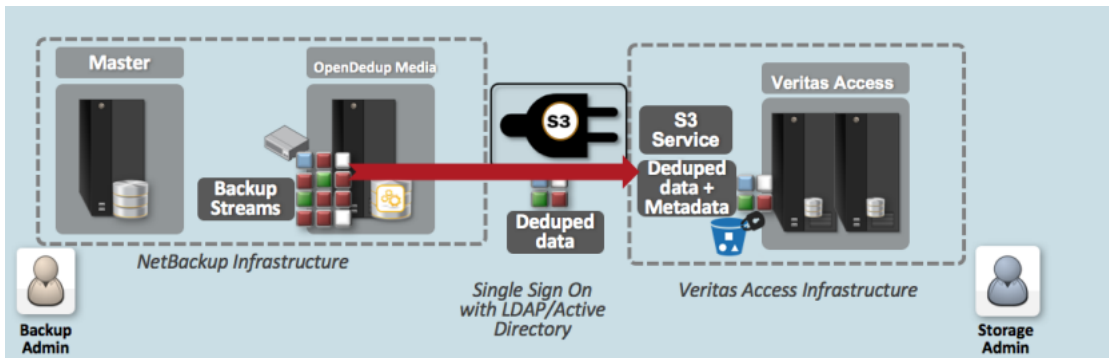
NetBackup is an enterprise-class heterogeneous backup and recovery application. It provides cross-platform backup functionality to a large variety of Windows, UNIX, and Linux operating systems.

Veritas Access is based on the rock-solid and industry-proven Veritas CFS stack. It offers an AWS-compatible S3 protocol as object storage for NetBackup.

Veritas Access is integrated with OpenDedup. OpenDedup is OpenSource software that lets you deduplicate your data to on-premises or cloud storage. OpenDedup installs on top of a NetBackup media server or Veritas Access; it performs data deduplication and stores deduplicated data on Veritas Access over S3.

Figure 1-2 shows how Veritas Access integrates with OpenDedup over S3 to store NetBackup backup streams as deduplicated data.

Figure 1-2

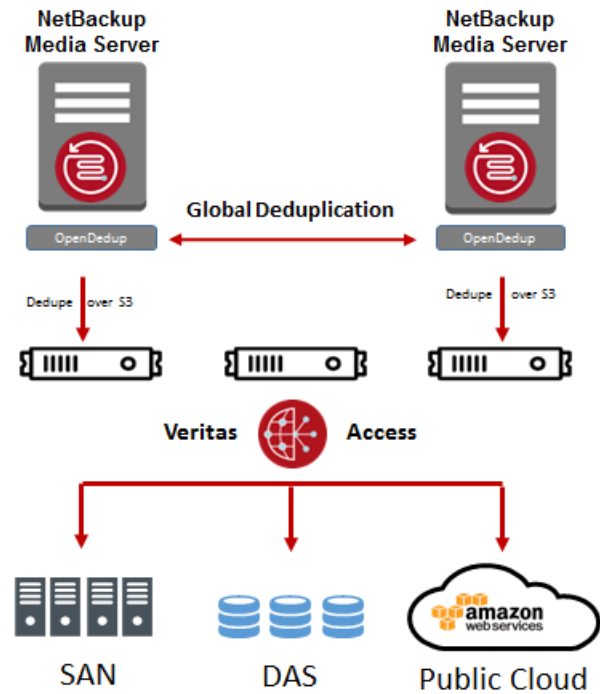


Use cases for long-term data retention

The following are the use cases for long-term data retention (LTR) with OpenDedup:

- Use Case 1: OpenStorage Technology (OST) and OpenDedup hosted on a NetBackup master or media server that sends deduplicated backup data to Veritas Access over the S3 protocol. Veritas Access can move this deduplicated data to Amazon Web Services (AWS) S3 or Glacier.
See [“Use case 1: Backing up deduplicated data \(OpenDedup and NetBackup\) using the S3 protocol to Veritas Access”](#) on page 14.
- Use Case 2: OST hosted on a NetBackup master or media server sends backup data to OpenDedup hosted on Veritas Access, which deduplicates the data and sends this data over the S3 protocol to Veritas Access. Veritas Access moves this deduplicated data to AWS S3 or Glacier.
See [“Use case 2: Backing up data \(NetBackup\) and deduplicating the data \(OpenDedup\) on Veritas Access”](#) on page 15.

Figure 1-3



System requirements

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [System requirements for OpenDedup installation](#)
- [Supported configurations and versions](#)

System requirements for OpenDedup installation

The system requirements for OpenDedup installation are:

- 4GB base memory + 256MB RAM per TB of unique storage
- 120 MB/s per CPU core
- 200 MB/s local disk speed
- 2K IOPS for local media server disk subsystem
- 0.2 % local disk of logical storage on a NetBackup media server
- 0.2% local disk storage of unique data on a NetBackup media server

Supported configurations and versions

Table 2-1 Supported versions

OpenDedup	Veritas Access	Veritas NetBackup servers	OST
3.4.2.1	7.2.1.1	7.7.3 and 8.0	2.0

Download links:

Veritas Access: Veritas Access 7.2.1.1 DVD

OpenDedup:

[https://sort.veritas.com/public/patchcentral/Linux/7.2/access/
access-rhel6_x86_64-Patch-7.2.1.1sdfs.tar.gz](https://sort.veritas.com/public/patchcentral/Linux/7.2/access/access-rhel6_x86_64-Patch-7.2.1.1sdfs.tar.gz)

OpenStorage Technology (OST):

<http://www.openedup.org/downloads/ost-2.0.tar.gz>

Configuring Veritas Access backup over S3 with OpenDedup and NetBackup

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Benefits of using Veritas Access with NetBackup and OpenDedup](#)
- [Workflow for OpenDedup](#)
- [Use case 1: Backing up deduplicated data \(OpenDedup and NetBackup\) using the S3 protocol to Veritas Access](#)
- [Use case 2: Backing up data \(NetBackup\) and deduplicating the data \(OpenDedup\) on Veritas Access](#)
- [Creating an S3 bucket on Veritas Access for storing deduplicated backup data from NetBackup](#)
- [Creating an OST disk pool and STU in the NetBackup console](#)
- [Setting up multiple NetBackup media servers in the same domain](#)
- [Setting up multiple SDFS volumes on a NetBackup media server](#)

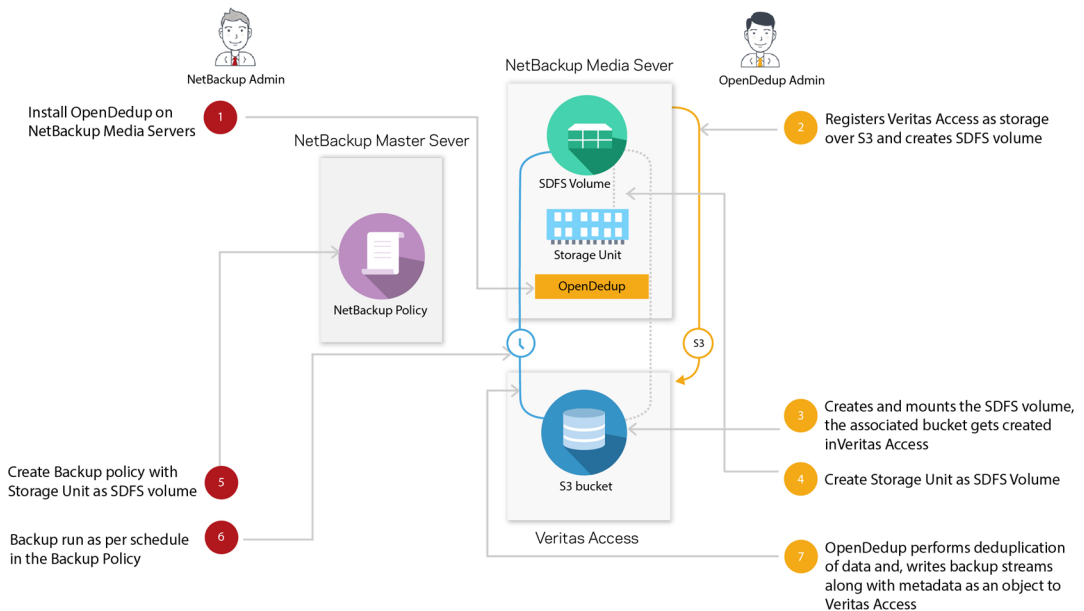
Benefits of using Veritas Access with NetBackup and OpenDedup

- Low-cost, flexible alternative for long-term data retention.
- Eliminate the need for cumbersome, time-consuming tape management.
- Cost-effective and resilient solution that is scale-out (linear performance) and elastic (grow/shrink on demand).

Workflow for OpenDedup

Figure 3-1 illustrates the workflow for OpenDedup for Veritas Access.

Figure 3-1 Workflow for OpenDedup



Use case 1: Backing up deduplicated data (OpenDedup and NetBackup) using the S3 protocol to Veritas Access

SDFS is a deduplicated file system.

To download and install the `ost` and `sdfs` rpms

- 1 On a standard NetBackup media server, run the following commands to install OST:

```
# wget http://www.opendedup.org/downloads/ost-2.0.tar.gz
# tar -xvzf ost-2.0.tar.gz
# cd dist
# ./media-install.sh
```

- 2 Uninstall the older `sdfs` rpm that is installed as a part of the `ost` installation.

```
# rpm -e sdfs
```

- 3 Download and install the Veritas supported OpenDedup rpm using the following commands:

```
# wget https://sort.veritas.com/public/patchcentral/Linux/7.2/
access/access-rhel6_x86_64-Patch-7.2.1.1sdfs.tar.gz
# tar zxvf access-rhel6_x86_64-Patch-7.2.1.1sdfs.tar.gz
# yum -y install fuse (This is optional as fuse may get installed as
part of step 1)
# rpm -ivh rpms/sdfs-3.4.2-1.x86_64.rpm
```

- 4 Restart the NetBackup service on the NetBackup media server.

```
# /etc/init.d/netbackup stop
# /etc/init.d/netbackup start
```

- 5 On the NetBackup master server, run the following commands:

```
# ./master-install.sh
# /etc/init.d/netbackup stop
# /etc/init.d/netbackup start
```

Use case 2: Backing up data (NetBackup) and deduplicating the data (OpenDedup) on Veritas Access

To download and install the ost and sdfs rpms

- 1 On a standard NetBackup media server, run the following commands to install the OST:

```
# wget http://www.opendedup.org/downloads/ost-2.0.tar.gz
# tar -xvzf ost-2.0.tar.gz
# cd dist
# ./media-install.sh
# /etc/init.d/netbackup stop
# /etc/init.d/netbackup start
```

- 2 On the NetBackup master server, run the following commands:

```
# ./master-install.sh
# /etc/init.d/netbackup stop
# /etc/init.d/netbackup start
```

- 3 On the server hosting the Veritas Access management console, download and install the Veritas OpenDedup rpm using the following commands:

```
# wget https://sort.veritas.com/public/patchcentral/Linux/7.2/
access/access-rhel6_x86_64-Patch-7.2.1.1sdfs.tar.gz
# tar zxvf access-rhel6_x86_64-Patch-7.2.1.1sdfs.tar.gz
# yum -y install fuse
# rpm -ivh rpms/sdfs-3.4.2-1.x86_64.rpm
```

Creating an S3 bucket on Veritas Access for storing deduplicated backup data from NetBackup

To create an S3 bucket on Veritas Access for storing deduplicated backup data from NetBackup

- 1 Log on to the Veritas Access GUI as the master user using the following URL:

https://Veritas Access Management console IP:14161/

You can obtain the Veritas Access Management console IP by logging on to the CLISH using the `su - master` command on the Veritas Access cluster.

- 2 Create a storage pool for the S3 buckets.

Click **NAS Infrastructure** in the GUI navigation on the left.

Select the disks that you want to use for the S3 bucket, and click the **Add to Storage Pool** button to invoke the wizard for storage pool creation.

Follow the steps in the wizard for creating a new storage pool or adding the disks to an existing pool.

- 3 Click **Settings > Service Management > Configure Active Directory** to configure AD.

Enter the required information, such as the **DNS Domain**, **DNS Name Servers**, **AD Domain**, **AD Domain Controller**, and the **AD Admin** and **Password**.

- 4 Click **Settings > S3 Management** to configure and enable the S3 server.

Edit the default parameters that are required for the S3 server, such as the storage pool name, underlying S3 bucket layout, and the default size of the bucket.

- 5 Double-click **S3 Server Status** to start the S3 server.

- 6 Log out from the GUI, and log on again as an AD user.

Generate the access key and the secret key for the Veritas Access S3 bucket.

Save the access key and secret key in a safe location, as Veritas Access does not allow retrieval of a secret access key after initial creation.

- 7 Log out from the GUI, and log on again as the master user.

- 8** Registration of Amazon Web Services (AWS) is optional, and is only required in case you need to add an AWS cloud as a storage tier. Without this, backups are stored locally in Veritas Access S3 buckets.

Click **Settings > Cloud Storage Registration > Add Cloud Subscription** to register the AWS cloud service.

Enter information for the cloud service provider, name of subscription, access key, and secret key.

- 9** Activate the long-term data retention (LTR) policies.

Click **Policies > LTR Policy**.

Click **Activate** for either the **LTR On-Premises + Cloud** policy or the **LTR On-Premises** policy and provide the storage pool when prompted.

- 10** Provision the NetBackup bucket using the policy.

Under **Quick Actions**, click **Provision for NetBackup**.

Provide the bucket size, underlying layout of the bucket, the access key, and the secret key of the Veritas Access S3 server generated as the AD user.

If you selected the **LTR On-Premises + Cloud** policy, add information such as which data should be moved to the AWS cloud tier, AWS region, cloud tier type (S3/Glacier), and when the data movement to the cloud should occur.

- 11** Monitor the progress of the task under **Recent Activity**.

Make a note of the scale-out file system name that was used for the bucket creation.

- 12** Click **File Systems**.

For the scale-out file system that is created, ensure that the **S3 Bucket** column displays **Yes** to indicate that the S3 bucket is enabled.

You may need to wait for some time for this change to be reflected in the GUI.

- 13** Right-click the ellipses (additional options), and click **Generate LTR Script**.

- 14** Copy the LTR script to the host where OpenDedup is installed. It can be the host where the NetBackup media server is installed or the Veritas Access server.

- 15 Run the downloaded LTR script. The LTR script requires the Veritas Access S3 keys (access and secret key) as arguments that were generated as the AD user.

The LTR script creates the OpenDedup file system and prompts for the entry in the `/etc/hosts` file for the bucket to IP address mapping.

Output of LTR script execution:

```
[root@host1 ~]# sh LTRscript.sh <Access key> <Secret Key>
=====
Insert the below details in /etc/hosts file
10.100.100.1 4f459a2d-736e-4be5-9c5a-f821fbc198fds3bucket.s3.access
=====
Attempting to create SDFS volume ...
Volume [S3fs1497356186] created with a capacity of [10.00GB]
check [/etc/sdfs/S3fs1497356186-volume-cfg.xml] for configuration
details if you need to change anything
```

Note: The volume name highlighted above and its equivalent `.xml` file are used to mount and update the SDFS volume parameters in later steps.

- 16 Add the IP associated with the virtual hosted-style bucket name (generated from the LTR script) in the `/etc/hosts` file on the media server.

- 17 Mount the SDFS volume under `/opendedupe/volumes/` on the host where OpenDedup is installed.

```
# mkdir /opendedupe/volumes/filesystem_name

# mount -t sdfs filesystem_name /opendedupe/volumes/filesystem_name
```

The `mount` command mounts a bucket on the Veritas Access cluster or the NetBackup media server. The mount process might time out with an error. If it does, wait two minutes and try again.

Note: After mounting the SDFS volume, it will start listening on a specific port, usually starting from 6442. If OpenDedup is installed on Veritas Access, then ensure that the corresponding firewall rules are updated to allow traffic to this port.

Port information can be found using the `mount` command.

Example:

```
[root@host1 ~]# mount | grep opendedupe
sdfs:/etc/sdfs/S3fs1497346133-volume-cfg.xml:6443 on
/opendedupe/volumes/S3fs1497346133 type fuse
(rw,nosuid,nodev,allow_other,allow_other)
sdfs:/etc/sdfs/S3fs1497258807-volume-cfg.xml:6442 on
/opendedupe/volumes/pool1 type fuse
(rw,nosuid,nodev,allow_other,allow_other)
```

- 18** (Optional) Add the volume to `fstab` by adding the following line in: `/etc/fstab`.

```
filesystem_name /opendedupe/volumes/filesystem_name sdfs defaults 0 0
```

- 19** Update the URL tag in the `/etc/sdfs/ostconfig.xml` present on the NetBackup media server based on the following two cases:

Use case 1: OpenDedup on a NetBackup server

```
<URL>  
http://localhost:6442/  
</URL>
```

Use case 2: OpenDedup on Veritas Access

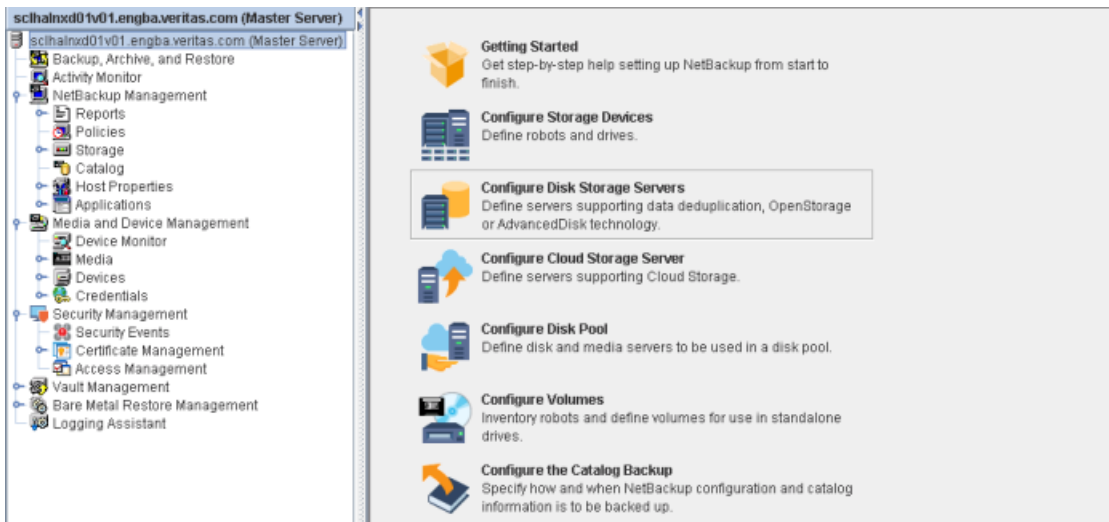
```
<URL>  
http://<Veritas Access server hostname>:6442/  
</URL>
```

Note: The Veritas Access server hostname should be DNS-resolvable and reachable from the NetBackup server. This should be the same node in the Veritas Access cluster where the SDFS volume is mounted in Step [17](#).

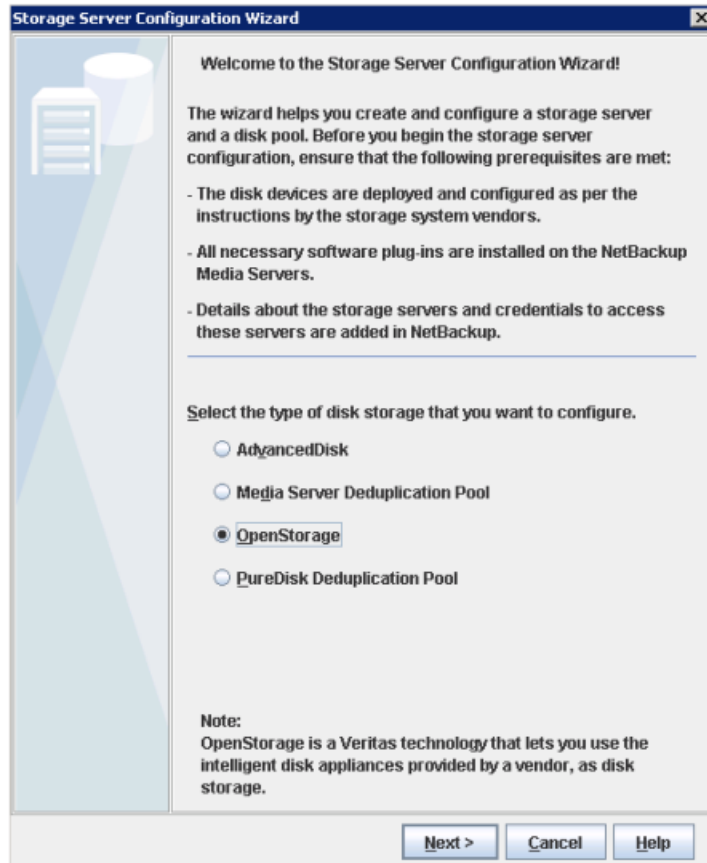
Creating an OST disk pool and STU in the NetBackup console

To create an OpenStorage Technology (OST) disk pool and storage unit (STU) in the NetBackup console

- 1 Log on to the NetBackup master server from the Java console.
- 2 Select **Configure Disk Storage Servers**.



- 3 Select the **OpenStorage** option from the **Select the type of disk storage that you want to configure** section of the dialog.



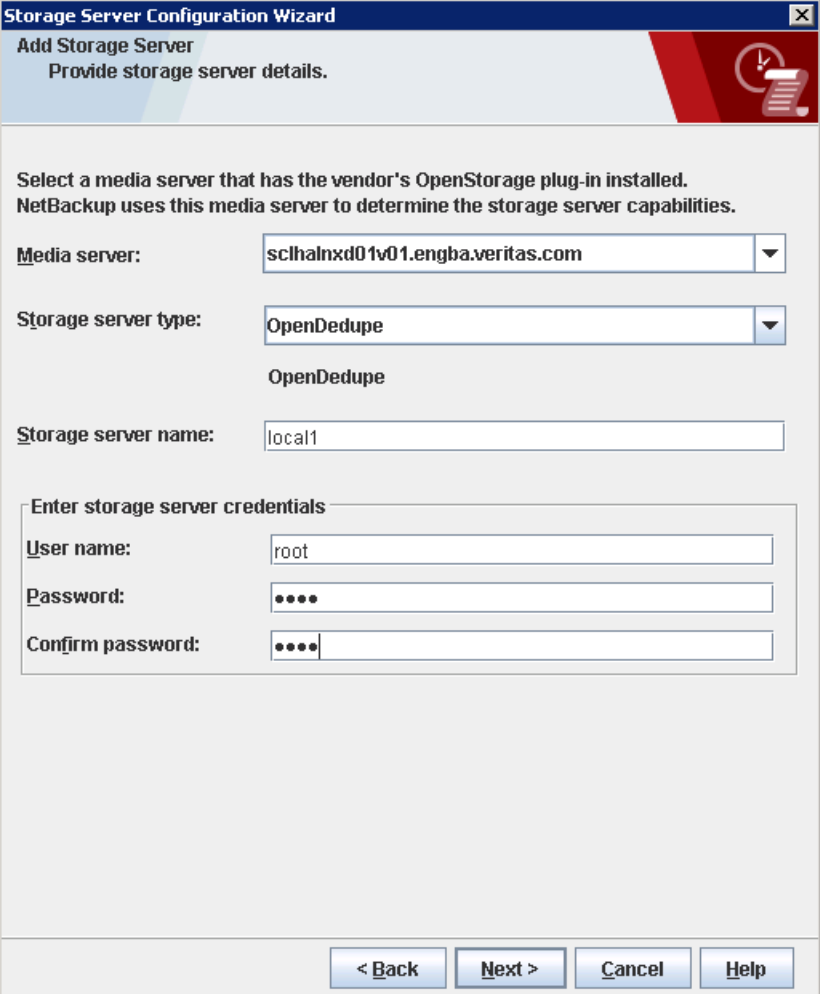
- 4 Add the following options to the **Storage Server Details**:

- **Storage server type:** OpenDedupe

Note: The **Storage server type** field is case-sensitive. **OpenDedupe** has to be entered exactly as shown in the screen shot.

- **Storage Server name:** The name in the <NAME></NAME> tag in the `/etc/sdfs/ostconfig.xml` file. This is `local` by default.
- **Username:** Anything can go in this field. It is not used.

- **Password/Confirm Password:** Anything can go in this field as well.



The image shows a 'Storage Server Configuration Wizard' dialog box. The title bar is blue with the text 'Storage Server Configuration Wizard' and a close button. Below the title bar, there's a header area with a light blue background and a red icon of a document with a clock. The main area has a light gray background. It contains instructions: 'Select a media server that has the vendor's OpenStorage plug-in installed. NetBackup uses this media server to determine the storage server capabilities.' There are four input fields: 'Media server:' with a dropdown menu showing 'sclhalnxd01v01.engba.veritas.com'; 'Storage server type:' with a dropdown menu showing 'OpenDedupe'; 'Storage server name:' with a text field containing 'local1'; and a section titled 'Enter storage server credentials' containing three fields: 'User name:' with 'root', 'Password:' with four dots, and 'Confirm password:' with four dots. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

Storage Server Configuration Wizard

Add Storage Server
Provide storage server details.

Select a media server that has the vendor's OpenStorage plug-in installed.
NetBackup uses this media server to determine the storage server capabilities.

Media server: sclhalnxd01v01.engba.veritas.com

Storage server type: OpenDedupe

OpenDedupe

Storage server name: local1

Enter storage server credentials

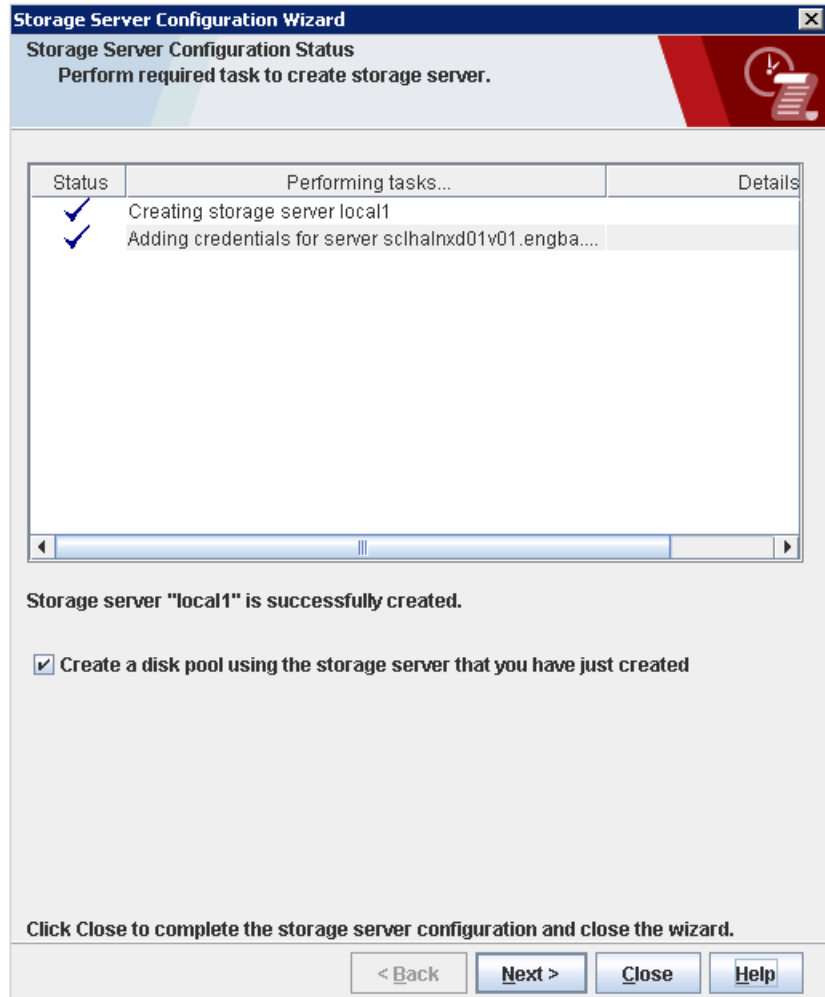
User name: root

Password:

Confirm password:

< Back Next > Cancel Help

- 5 Finish supplying entries for the storage configuration wizard and make sure **Create a disk pool using the storage server that you just created** is selected.



- 6 Select the storage pool that was just created.

Storage Server Configuration Wizard

Select Disk Pool Properties and Volumes
 Select disk pool properties and volumes to use in the disk pool.

Storage server: local1
 Storage server type: OpenDedupe
 Disk pool configured for: Backup

Disk Pool Properties and Volumes

A disk pool inherits the properties of its volumes. Only volumes with similar properties can be added to a disk pool.
 If properties are specified, the list displays volumes that match the selected properties.

☐ Replication source
☐ Replication target

Select storage server volumes to add to the disk pool.

Volume Name	Available Space	Raw Size	Replication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> nbuvol2	3.24 GB	3.24 GB	None

Total available space: 3.24 GB
 Total raw size: 3.24 GB

< Back Next > Cancel Help

- 7 Add a disk pool name.

- 8 Finish the wizard entries and select **Create a storage unit using the disk pool that you just created.**
- 9 In the **Storage Unit Creation** page, select **Only use the selected media servers** and select the media server that the storage was created on. For maximum concurrent jobs select **8**.

Note: If you plan to run concurrent jobs for this STU, increase the **Maximum concurrent jobs** count to the desired value.

Storage Server Configuration Wizard
Storage Unit Creation
 Enter details to create storage unit.

Disk pool: nbuvoldisk2
 Storage server type: OpenDedupe
 Storage unit name: nbuvoldisk2-stu

Media Server

☐ Use any available media server to transport data

☒ Only use the selected media servers:

	Media Servers
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	sclhalnxd01v01.engba.veritas.com

Maximum concurrent jobs: 1
 Maximum fragment size: 524288 Megabytes

< Back Next > Cancel Help

Setting up multiple NetBackup media servers in the same domain

To set up the OST connector on multiple NetBackup media servers in the same domain, additional steps must be taken on each NetBackup media server before adding the storage pools in NetBackup.

To set up multiple NetBackup media servers in the same domain

- 1 Follow the instructions for setting up the OST connector on each media server that uses the OST connector.

See [“Use case 1: Backing up deduplicated data \(OpenDedup and NetBackup\) using the S3 protocol to Veritas Access”](#) on page 14.

- 2 Edit `/etc/sdfs/ostconfig.xml` and change the `<name>` tag to something unique in the NetBackup domain, such as the host name with an incremented number, for example:

```
<NAME>hostname-0</NAME>
```

- 3 Follow the instructions in the “Creating an OST disk pool and STU in the NetBackup console” section and use the name in the `<NAME>` tag as the **Storage Server** name.

See [“Creating an OST disk pool and STU in the NetBackup console”](#) on page 21.

See [“Use case 1: Backing up deduplicated data \(OpenDedup and NetBackup\) using the S3 protocol to Veritas Access”](#) on page 14.

Setting up multiple SDFS volumes on a NetBackup media server

The OST connector supports multiple SDFS volumes on the same media server but additional steps are required to support this configuration.

To set up multiple SDFS volumes on a NetBackup media server

- 1** Follow the instructions for setting up the OST connector on each NetBackup media server that uses the OST connector.

See [“Use case 1: Backing up deduplicated data \(OpenDedup and NetBackup\) using the S3 protocol to Veritas Access”](#) on page 14.

- 2 Edit the `/etc/sdfs/ostconfig.xml` and add a new `<CONNECTION>` tag inside of the `<CONNECTIONS>` tag for the new volume.

Add a name that is unique to the `<NAME>` tag and specify the new volume name in the `<LSU_NAME>` tag (pool1).

In the new `<CONNECTION>` tag, add the port number identified by running the `mount` command to the `<URL>` tag (`http://localhost:6443/`) as shown in the example output.

```
[root@host1 ~]# mount | grep opendedupe
sdfs:/etc/sdfs/S3fs1497346133-volume-cfg.xml:6443 on
/opendedupe/volumes/S3fs1497346133 type fuse
(rw,nosuid,nodev,allow_other,allow_other)
sdfs:/etc/sdfs/S3fs1497258807-volume-cfg.xml:6442 on
/opendedupe/volumes/pool1 type fuse
(rw,nosuid,nodev,allow_other,allow_other)
```

The following is a complete example of an `ostconfig.xml` file with two volumes.

```
<!-- This is the config file for the OST connector for opendedup and Netbackup -->
<CONNECTIONS>
<CONNECTION>
<!--NAME is the local server name that you will reference within Netbackup -->
<NAME>
local
</NAME>
<LSU_NAME>
svol4
</LSU_NAME>
<URL>
http://localhost:6442/
</URL>
<!--PASSWD - The password of the volume if one is required for this sdfs volume -->
<PASSWD>admin</PASSWD>
<!--
<SERVER_SHARE_PATH>
A_SUBDIRECTORY_UNDER_THE_MOUNT_PATH
</SERVER_SHARE_PATH>
-->
</CONNECTION>
<!-- Below is the new volume-->
<CONNECTION>
<!--NAME is the local server name that you will reference within Netbackup -->
<NAME>
```

```
hostname0
</NAME>
<LSU_NAME>
svoll10
</LSU_NAME>
<URL>
http://localhost:6443/
</URL>
<!--PASSWD - The password of the volume if one is required for this sdfs volume -->
<PASSWD>admin</PASSWD>
<!--
<SERVER_SHARE_PATH>
A_SUBDIRECTORY_UNDER_THE_MOUNT_PATH
</SERVER_SHARE_PATH>
-->
</CONNECTION>
</CONNECTIONS>
```

Configuring backup and restore using NetBackup policies

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Backup and restore](#)
- [Running a backup policy manually](#)
- [Restoring backed up files](#)

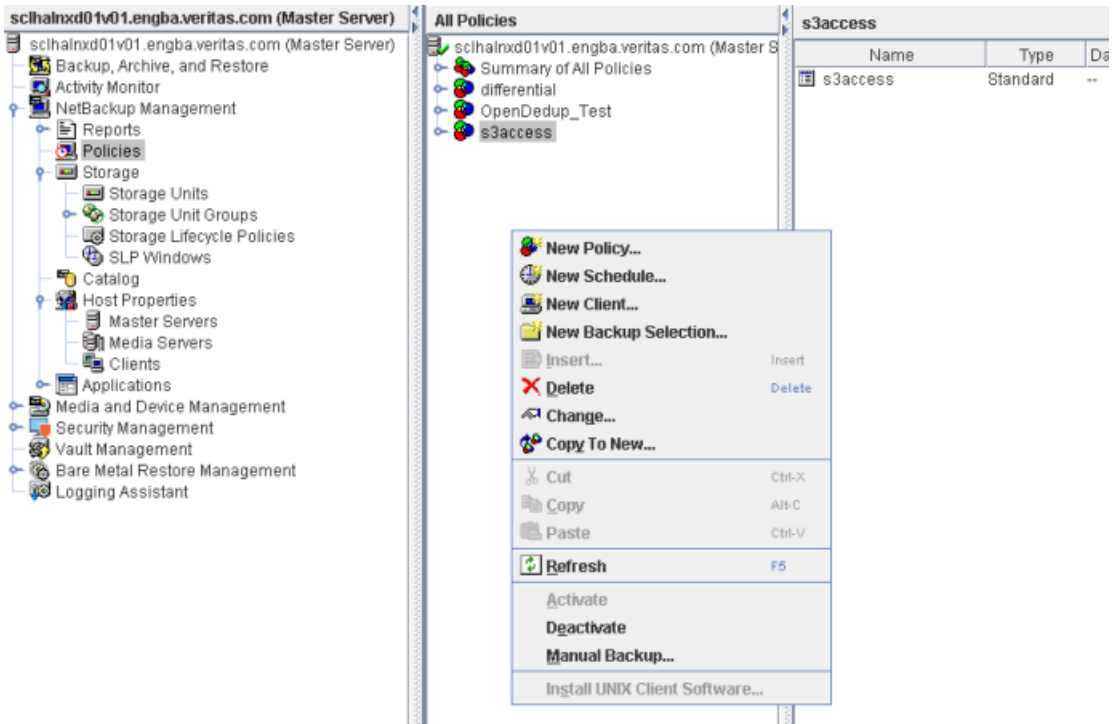
Backup and restore

After completing the configurations, the following are the backup and restore steps.

Policy creation

To create policies

- 1 Right-click on **Policies** within the NetBackup console and click on **New Policy**.



- 2 Provide the following information for policy creation.

- Policy name
- From the **Attributes** tab, select the appropriate storage unit under **Policy storage**.

Change Policy - newpol1

Server: sclhainxd01v01.engbaveritas.com

Attributes Schedules Clients Backup Selections

Policy type: Standard

Destination:

Data classification: <No data classification>

Policy storage: Any_available

Policy volume pool: Any_available

Take checkpoints every: ☒

Limit jobs per policy:

Job priority: 0 (higher number is greater priority)

Media Owner: Any

Snapshot Client and Replication Director

☐ Perform block level incremental backups

☐ Use Replication Director

☒ Perform snapshot backups Options...

☐ Retain snapshot for Instant Recovery or SLP management

☐ Hyper-V server:

☐ Perform off-host backup

Use:

Machine:

Go into effect at: Mar 21, 2017 10:29:25 AM

☐ Follow NFS

☐ Cross mount points

☐ Compress

☐ Encrypt

disaster recovery information for:

Bare Metal Restore

Select true image restore information

☐ with move detection

(Required for synthetic backups and Bare Metal Restore)

☐ Allow multiple data streams

☐ Disable client-side deduplication

☐ Enable granular recovery

☐ Use Accelerator

☐ Enable optimized backup of Windows deduplicated volumes

Keyword phrase (optional):

Microsoft Exchange Server Attributes

Exchange DAG or Exchange 2007 replication (LCR/CCR)

Database backup source:

Preferred server list... (Exchange DAG only)

OK Cancel Help

Note: The **Policy Storage** selection should be the storage unit created for OpenDedup earlier.

- 3 Under the **Schedule** tab, enter the name of the schedule. For example, **fullbackup**.

Change Policy - newpol1

Server: schainxd01v01.engbavertitas.com

Attributes Schedules Clients Backup Selections

	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
Sun	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Mon	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Tue	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Wed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Thu	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Fri	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Sat	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

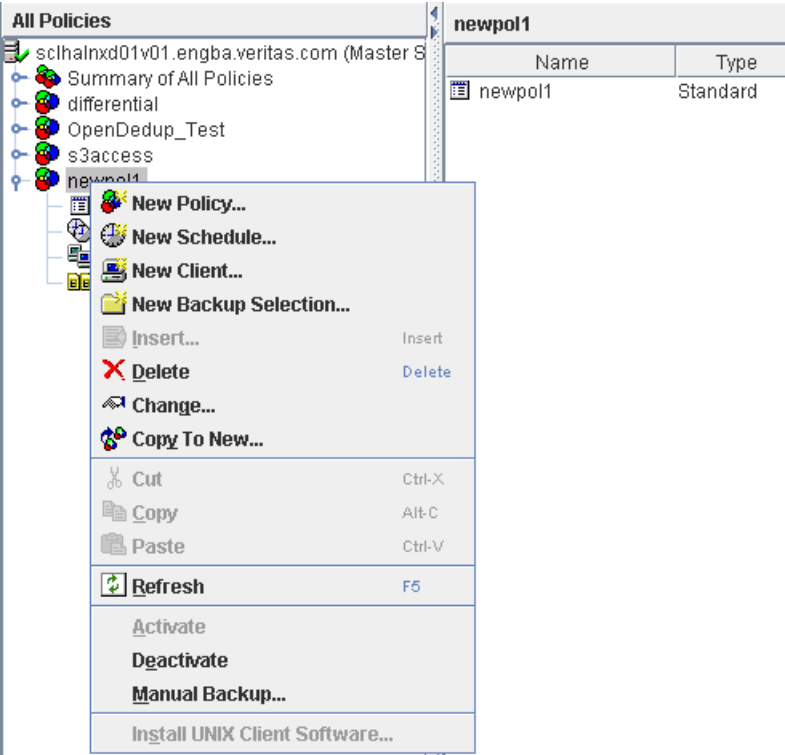
Name	Type	Synthetic B...	Disk-Only B...	Retention P...	Retention L...	Frequency	Media Multi...	Storage	Volume Pool	Policy	Media Own
fullback...	Full Backup	No	No	2 weeks	1 1 week	1	1			newpol1	

- 4 Provide client information under the **Clients** tab.
- 5 Provide the folders that need to be backed up under **Backup Selections**.

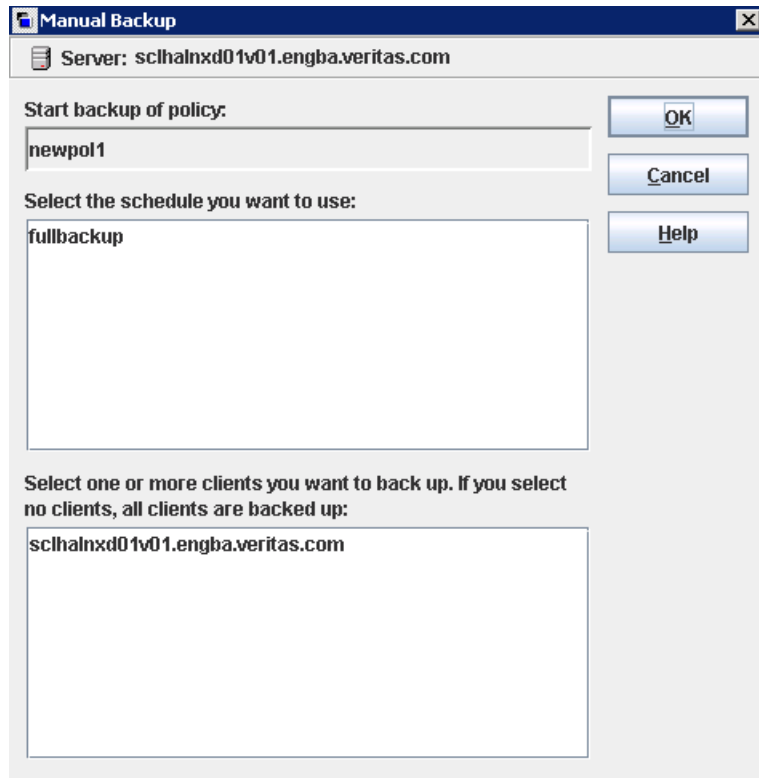
Running a backup policy manually

To run a backup policy manually

- 1
- Once the policy is created, right-click on the name of the policy that you want to run under **Summary of All Policies**, and click on **Manual Backup**.

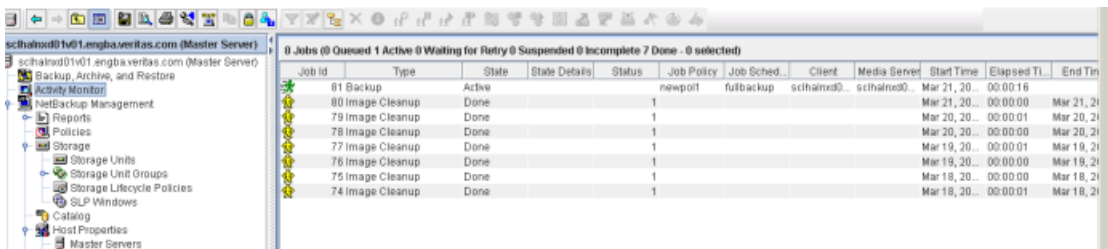


- 2 Select the schedule that you want to use and click **OK**.



This starts the manual backup with the policy.

- 3 To verify the status of the backup, go to **Activity Monitor**.



- 4 Select the appropriate job from the displayed jobs.
- 5 Click on the **Detailed Status** tab in the new window to check on the status of the backup.

Job ID: 81Job State: Done (Successful)

Job Overview

Detailed Status

Job Hierarchy

Attempt: 1

Job PID: 11321

Storage Unit: accessdp-stu

Media Server: scihalnx01v01.engba.veritas.com

Transport Type: LAN

Attempt Started: Mar 21, 2017 10:36:56 AM

Attempt Elapsed: 00:00:18

Attempt Ended: Mar 21, 2017 10:37:14 AM

KB/Sec: 2470

Status:

Mar 21, 2017 10:36:56 AM - info open (pid=11348) using 262144 data buffer size
Mar 21, 2017 10:36:56 AM - info bptm (pid=11348) using 30 data buffers
Mar 21, 2017 10:36:58 AM - info bptm (pid=11348) start backup
Mar 21, 2017 10:36:58 AM - begin writing
Mar 21, 2017 10:37:12 AM - info bpbkar (pid=11327) bpbkar waited 0 times for empty buffer, delayed 0 times
Mar 21, 2017 10:37:12 AM - info bptm (pid=11348) waited for full buffer 78 times, delayed 929 times
Mar 21, 2017 10:37:13 AM - info bptm (pid=11348) EXITING with status 0 <-----
Mar 21, 2017 10:37:13 AM - info bpbm (pid=11321) validating image for client scihalnx01v01.engba.veritas.com
Mar 21, 2017 10:37:14 AM - info bpbkar (pid=11327) done. status: 0: the requested operation was successfully completed
Mar 21, 2017 10:37:14 AM - end writing; write time: 0:00:16
the requested operation was successfully completed. (0)

Current Kilobytes Written: 34976

Current Files Written: 3228

Current File:

Estimated Kilobytes: 0

Estimated Files: 0

Troubleshooter...

Percent Complete: 100%

Refresh

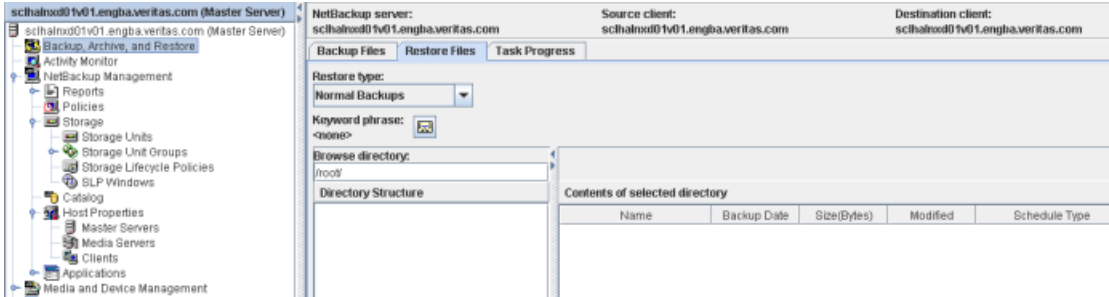
Close

Help

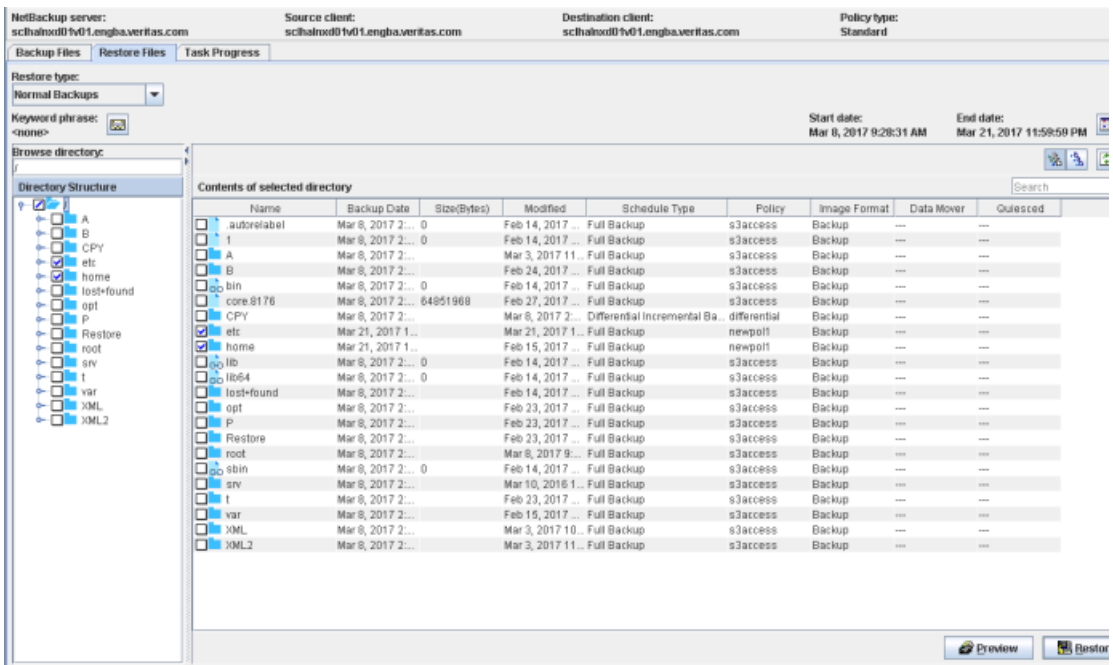
Restoring backed up files

To restore backed up files

- 1 Create a directory where you want to restore the backed up files.
- 2 Go to the **Restore Files** tab under **Backup, Archive, Restore**.



- 3 Go to the browse directory and select the appropriate files to restore and click **Restore**.



- 4 Provide the location where the files should be restored, and click on the **Start Restore** button.

Restore Marked Files

General

Destination

☐ Restore everything to its original location.

☒ Restore everything to a different location (maintaining existing structure).

Destination:

/RESTORE2

☐ Restore individual directories and files to different locations.

Source	Destination	Backup Date	Modified
/home/		Mar 21, 2017 10:36:56 AM	Feb 15, 2017 4:38:58 AM
/etc/		Mar 21, 2017 10:36:56 AM	Mar 21, 2017 10:13:44 AM

Change Selected Destination(s)...

Change All Destinations...

Add Destination...

Remove Selected Destination(s)

☐ Create and restore to a new virtual hard disk file.

Setting

Options

☐ Overwrite existing files

☐ Restore directories without crossing mount points

☐ Restore without access-control attributes (Windows clients only)

☒ Rename hard links

☒ Rename soft links

☐ Force rollback even if it destroys later snapshots

Media Server

(Default)

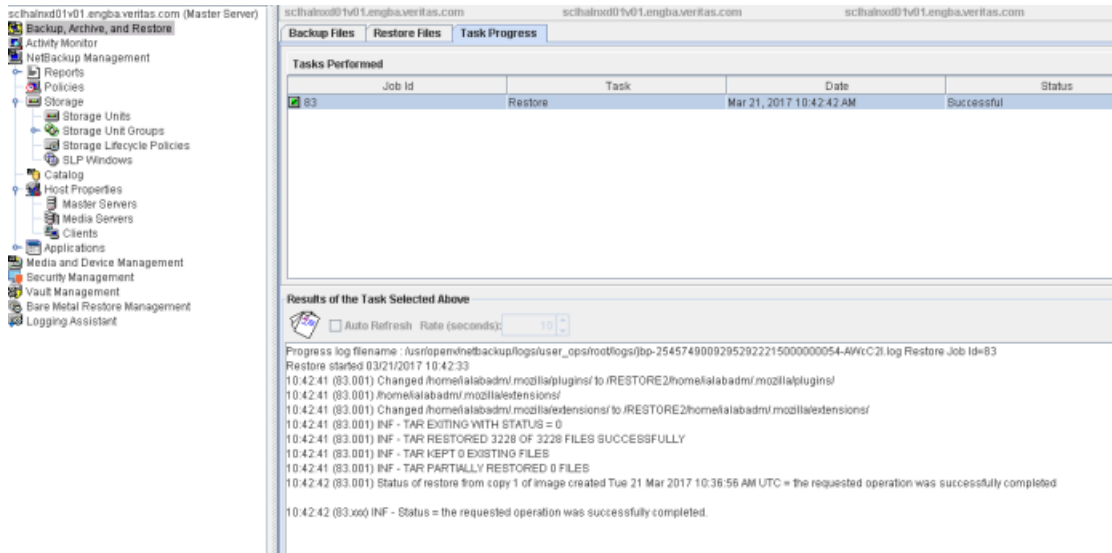
☐ Override default priority

Job Priority 90000

(higher number is greater priority)

Start Restore **Cancel**

- 5 To view the progress of the restore operation, click **Yes** on the **Restore Initiated** window.



The screenshot shows the NetBackup console interface. On the left is a navigation tree with categories like 'Backup, Archive, and Restore', 'Activity Monitor', 'NetBackup Management', 'Reports', 'Policies', 'Storage', 'Storage Units', 'Storage Unit Groups', 'Storage Lifecycle Policies', 'SLP Windows', 'Catalog', 'Host Properties', 'Master Servers', 'Media Servers', 'Clients', 'Applications', 'Media and Device Management', 'Security Management', 'Vault Management', 'Bare Metal Restore Management', and 'Logging Assistant'. The 'Backup, Archive, and Restore' category is selected.

The main window is titled 'Task Progress' and has tabs for 'Backup Files', 'Restore Files', and 'Task Progress'. The 'Task Progress' tab is active, showing a table of tasks performed:

Job Id	Task	Date	Status
83	Restore	Mar 21, 2017 10:42:42 AM	Successful

Below the table, the 'Results of the Task Selected Above' section is visible. It includes an 'Auto Refresh' checkbox and a 'Rate (seconds):' dropdown set to '10'. The progress log shows the following details:

```

Progress log filename: /usr/openv/netbackup/logs/user_ops/rootlogs/jbp-25457490082952922215000000054-4W/c2l.log Restore Job Id=83
Restore started 03/21/2017 10:42:33
10:42:41 (83.001) Changed /home/lalabadm/.mozilla/plugins/ to /RESTORE2/home/lalabadm/.mozilla/plugins/
10:42:41 (83.001) /home/lalabadm/.mozilla/extensions/
10:42:41 (83.001) Changed /home/lalabadm/.mozilla/extensions/ to /RESTORE2/home/lalabadm/.mozilla/extensions/
10:42:41 (83.001) INF - TAR EXITING WITH STATUS = 0
10:42:41 (83.001) INF - TAR RESTORED 3228 OF 3228 FILES SUCCESSFULLY
10:42:41 (83.001) INF - TAR KEPT 0 EXISTING FILES
10:42:41 (83.001) INF - TAR PARTIALLY RESTORED 0 FILES
10:42:42 (83.001) Status of restore from copy 1 of image created Tue 21 Mar 2017 10:36:56 AM UTC = the requested operation was successfully completed
10:42:42 (83.000) INF - Status = the requested operation was successfully completed.
  
```


Troubleshooting

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Unmounting the SDFS volume before restarting Veritas Access or the NetBackup media server](#)
- [Log locations for troubleshooting](#)
- [Additional resources](#)

Unmounting the SDFS volume before restarting Veritas Access or the NetBackup media server

Before restarting Veritas Access or the NetBackup media server, create a backup copy of the SDFS volume and unmount the SDFS volume.

To perform a clean unmount of the SDFS volume

- 1 Create a backup copy of the SDFS volume .xml file in the `/etc/sdfs` directory.
- 2 Unmount the SDFS volume and wait for the `jsvc` process to exit before restarting Veritas Access.

Log locations for troubleshooting

Veritas Access S3 logs

- `/opt/VRTSnas/log/portald.log`
- `/opt/VRTSnas/log/portald_access.log`

SDFS logs

SDFS creates its logs under

`/var/logs/sdfs/<volume-name>-volume-cfg.xml.log`. Errors can be identified in this log file.

OST plug-in logs

The OpenDedup OST plug-in log can be found in `/tmp/logs/opendedup.log`.

NetBackup logs

Pertinent OST-related errors and logging are trapped in the `bptm` log. NetBackup logging for `bptm` can be enabled by creating the `bptm` logging directory:

```
mkdir /usr/openv/netbackup/logs/bptm
```

Veritas Access support debug information upload command

```
CLISH> support debuginfo upload path
```

Additional resources

See the following documentation for more information on Veritas Access, OpenDedup, and Veritas NetBackup:

- *Veritas Access Installation Guide* for the supported NetBackup clients and the OpenDedup ports.
- *Veritas Access Troubleshooting Guide* for setting the NetBackup client log levels and debugging options.
- Veritas NetBackup product documentation on the [SORT](#) website.
- OpenDedup product documentation on the [OpenDedup website](#).