# Cluster Server 7.2 Agent for Sybase Installation and Configuration Guide - Linux



# Cluster Server Agent for Sybase Installation and Configuration Guide

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# Contents

Chapter 1	Introducing the Cluster Server Agent for Sybase	
•		7
	About the Cluster Server Agent for Sybase	7
	Supported software for the VCS agent for Sybase	
	How the agent makes Sybase highly available	
	How the Sybase and SybaseBk agents support intelligent resource	
	monitoring	
	About the Sybase agent functions	
	Sybase agent functions	
	SybaseBk agent functions	
	Using the IPC Cleanup feature for the Sybase agent	
	Monitoring options for the Sybase agent	
	Action function for the VCS agent for Sybase	
	Typical Sybase configuration in a VCS cluster	16
Chapter 2	Installing and configuring Sybase	18
	VCS requirements for installing Sybase	18
	Sybase installation directory	18
	SYBASE directory on shared disks	
	System Group and User for Sybase home directory	
	Database dbspaces	
	Transparent TCP/IP failover	
	Language settings for the Sybase agent	
	Installing Sybase in a VCS environment	
	Configuring Sybase for detail monitoring	20
Chapter 3	Installing, upgrading, and removing the agent for	
	Sybase	23
	Before you install or upgrade the agent for Sybase	23
	Installing the agent for Sybase	24
	Disabling the agent for Sybase	25
	Removing the agent for Sybase	25
	Upgrading the agent for Sybase	26

Chapter 4	Configuring VCS service groups for Sybase	29
	About configuring service groups for Sybase  Before configuring the service group for Sybase	
	Importing the SybaseTypes.cf file	
	Configuring the service groups for Sybase  Configuring the service group for Sybase from Cluster Manager (Java console)	
	Configuring the service group for Sybase using the command line	
	Engrupting pagewords for Cubase	
	Encrypting passwords for Sybase	
	Enabling detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase	
	Disabling detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase	
	Enabling and disabling intelligent resource monitoring (IMF) for agents	
	Administering the AMF kernel driver	
Chapter 5	Administering VCS service groups for Sybase	40
	About administering service groups for Sybase	
	Bringing the Sybase service group online	
	Switching the Sybase service group	
	Modifying the Sybase service group configuration	
	Viewing the agent log for Sybase	
Appendix A	Resource type definitions for Sybase	45
	About the resource type and attribute definitions for Sybase	45
	Sybase resource type	45
	Type definition for the Sybase agent	
	Attribute definitions for the Sybase agent	
	SybaseBk resource type	
	Type definition for the SybaseBk agent	
Appendix B	Sample configurations for Sybase	60
	About the sample configuration for the Sybase agent	60
	Resource dependency graph for the Sybase agent	
		61

	Sample main.cf files for Sybase ASE CE configurations	64
	Sybase binary installation	64
	Sample main.cf for a basic Sybase ASE CE cluster configuration with local mount point on VxFS for Sybase binary installation	
		68
	Sample main.cf for a primary CVM VVR site	73
	Sample main.cf for a secondary CVM VVR site	79
Appendix C	Changes introduced in previous releases	86
	Changes introduced in the previous release	86
Index		89

Chapter

# Introducing the Cluster Server Agent for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About the Cluster Server Agent for Sybase
- Supported software for the VCS agent for Sybase
- How the agent makes Sybase highly available
- How the Sybase and SybaseBk agents support intelligent resource monitoring
- About the Sybase agent functions
- Monitoring options for the Sybase agent
- Action function for the VCS agent for Sybase
- Typical Sybase configuration in a VCS cluster

# About the Cluster Server Agent for Sybase

The Cluster Server Agent for Sybase brings the configured Sybase servers online, monitors them, and takes them offline.

For Sybase ASE enterprise edition, the following agents work together to make Sybase highly available in a VCS cluster.

- Agent for SQL Server- Sybase
- Agent for Backup Server- SybaseBk

The agents include type declarations and agent executables, and are represented with Sybase and SybaseBk resource types, respectively.

For Sybase ASE cluster edition, the VCS agent for Sybase makes Sybase adaptive server highly available in a VCS cluster. The VCS agent for Sybase backup server (SybaseBk agent) is not supported for Sybase ASE cluster edition.

**Note:** For ASE Enterprise Edition, the VCS agent for Sybase provides "active/passive" support. For "active/active" support for ASE Enterprise Edition, contact Sybase for their agent.

# Supported software for the VCS agent for Sybase

Refer to the Veritas InfoScale 7.2 Release Notes for information on supported software and platform versions.

Refert to the Sybase agent support matrix at https://www.veritas.com/support/en US/article.000107212.

# How the agent makes Sybase highly available

The Cluster Server agent for Sybase continuously monitors the Sybase database and SybaseBk processes to verify whether they function properly.

The agent for Sybase can perform different levels of monitoring and different actions which you can configure.

- Primary or Basic monitoring: In the basic monitoring mode, the agent monitors the configured Sybase server process, and fails over or restarts the group during an application failure.
- Detail monitoring: In the optional detail monitoring mode, the agent detects application failure if it cannot perform a transaction in the test table in the Sybase database server.
- Intelligent monitoring framework (IMF): The Sybase agent is IMF-aware and uses asynchronous monitoring framework (AMF) kernel driver for resource state change notifications.

See "How the Sybase and SybaseBk agents support intelligent resource monitoring " on page 9.

For Sybase cluster edition, the agent uses the Sybase-provided utility, grmutil, to know if the status of the instance is up or down. If qrmutil reports the status as failure pending, the agent reboots the node and the instance is automatically started again.

group, the service group is restarted on the same system on which the group faulted.

For ASE Enterprise edition when the agent detects that the configured Sybase server is not running on a system, the Sybase service group is failed over to the next available system in the service group's SystemList. The configured Sybase servers are started on the new system, thus ensuring high availability for the Sybase server and data.

# How the Sybase and SybaseBk agents support intelligent resource monitoring

With intelligent monitoring framework (IMF), VCS supports intelligent resource monitoring in addition to the poll-based monitoring. Poll-based monitoring polls the resources periodically whereas intelligent monitoring performs asynchronous monitoring.

You can enable or disable the intelligent resource monitoring functionality of the VCS agents for Sybase and SybaseBk using haimfconfig script or manually.

See "Enabling and disabling intelligent resource monitoring (IMF) for agents" on page 39.

When an IMF-enabled agent starts up, the agent initializes the asynchronous monitoring framework (AMF) kernel driver. After the resource is in a steady state, the agent registers the details that are required to monitor the resource with the AMF kernel driver. For example, the Sybase agent registers the PIDs of the processes with the AMF kernel driver. The agent's imf getnotification function waits for any resource state changes. When the AMFkernel driver module notifies the imf getnotification function about a resource state change, the agent framework runs the monitor agent function to ascertain the state of that resource. The agent notifies the state change to VCS which takes the appropriate action.

See the Cluster Server Administrator's Guide for more information.

# **About the Sybase agent functions**

The functions an agent performs are called entry points. The Cluster Server agent for Sybase can perform different operations or functions on the database. These functions are online, offline, monitor, clean, and action.

Review the functions for the following agents that are part of the Cluster Server agent suite for Sybase:

- Sybase (SQL server) agent functions See "Sybase agent functions" on page 10.
- SybaseBk (Backup Server) agent functions See "SybaseBk agent functions" on page 12.

# Sybase agent functions

The agent for Sybase starts a Sybase ASE dataserver, monitors the server processes, shuts down the server, and restarts the server processes..

The Sybase agent is IMF-aware.

Table 1-1 lists the Sybase agent for SQL server functions.

Sybase agent functions Table 1-1

Agent function	Description
Online	Starts the Sybase ASE dataserver by using the following command.
	startserver -f \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE_ASE/install/ RUN_\$Server
	where \$Server is the instance_name, and \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE_ASE/install/RUN_\$Server is the default location of the Run server file. If you specify the value of the Run_ServerFile attribute, then the value that you specify is used instead of the default location.
	If the WaitForRecovery attribute is enabled, the agent waits either till recovery has been completed and all databases that can be made online are brought online. The agent queries the recovery status by connecting to the <code>isql</code> session. The OnlineTimeout attribute must be set to a sufficiently large value so that the recovery completes before the OnlineTimeout is reached.
	By default, the WaitForRecovery attribute is not enabled.
	If the interfaces file location is specified using the interfaces_File attribute, agent uses [-I interfaces file] option while connecting to the isql session.
	When DelayAfterOnline attribute is set, the monitor function is invoked after completion of online function, and after the number of seconds specified in DelayAfterOnline attribute have elapsed.

Sybase agent functions (continued) Table 1-1

Agent function	Description
Monitor	In the basic monitoring mode, agent scans the process table for the dataserver process. In the detail monitoring mode, agent runs the script that is specified in MonScript as an option.
	See "Monitoring options for the Sybase agent" on page 15.
Offline	Stops the Sybase SQL server by using the <code>isql</code> command in the following manner.
	If interfaces file location is specified using the interfaces_File attribute, agent uses the specified file while connecting to isql session.
	The agent first executes the shutdown with wait command.
	Sybase agent uses the timeout option during shutdown of Sybase dataserver if this option is supported.
	For Sybase ASE Enterprise edition the timeout option for shutdown command is supported for versions 12.5.4 and 15.0.2 onwards. If this timeout option is not supported for Sybase ASE Enterprise edition, the offline script waits in a loop till the dataserver completely stops. The agent waits for up to the OfflineTimeout duration. If the process is still running, the offline script issues a shutdown with nowait command.
	When DelayAfterOffline attribute is set, the monitor function is invoked after completion of offline function and after the number of seconds specified in DelayAfterOffline attribute have elapsed.
imf_init	Initializes the agent to interface with the AMF kernel driver, which is the IMF notification module for Sybase agent. This function runs when the agent starts up.
imf_register	Registers or unregisters resource entities with the AMF kernel module. This function runs for each resource after the resource goes into steady state (online or offline).
imf_getnotification	Gets notification about resource state changes. This function runs after the agent initializes with the AMF kernel module. This function continuously waits for notification and takes action on the resource upon notification.

Description
Forcefully stops the Sybase SQL server by using the ${\tt isql}$ command in the following manner.
The agent first executes the <code>shutdown</code> with <code>wait</code> command.
For Sybase ASE Enterprise edition, if the <code>isql</code> command fails, the clean script executes the <code>shutdown</code> with <code>nowait</code> command. If the process does not respond to the <code>shutdown</code> command, the agent kills the Sybase dataserver process.
Performs the predefined actions on a resource.  See "Action function for the VCS agent for Sybase" on page 15.

Table 1-1 Sybase agent functions (continued)

# SybaseBk agent functions

The agent for SybaseBk starts a Sybase Backup server, monitors the server process, and shuts down the server.

The SybaseBk agent is IMF-aware.

Table 1-2 lists the Sybase agent for Backup server functions.

Table 1-2 Sybase agent for Backup server functions

Agent operation	Description
Online	Starts the Sybase Backup server by using the following command.
	startserver -f \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE_ASE/ install/RUN_\$BackupServer
	Where \$SYBASE_ASE/install/RUN_\$BackupServer is the default location of the Run server file. If you specify the value of the Run_ServerFile attribute, then the value that you specify is used instead of the default location.
Monitor	Scans the process table for the backupserver process.

Table 1-2 Sybase agent for Backup server functions (continued)

Agent operation	Description
Offline	Stops the Sybase Backup server by using the <code>isql</code> command in the following manner.
	If interfaces file location is specified using the interfaces_File attribute, agent uses the specified file while connecting to isql session.
	The agent first executes the command shutdown SYB_BACKUP with wait. If this command fails, the offline script executes shutdown SYB_BACKUP with nowait.
Clean	Forcefully stops the Sybase Backup server by using the isql command in the following manner.
	The agent first executes the command shutdown SYB_BACKUP with wait. If this command fails, the clean script executes shutdown SYB_BACKUP with nowait.
	If the process does not respond to the <code>shutdown</code> command, the agent scans the process table for the processes that are associated with the configured Sybase Backup server and kills them.
imf_init	Initializes the agent to interface with the AMF kernel driver, which is the IMF notification module for SybaseBk agent. This function runs when the agent starts up.
imf_ register	Registers or unregisters resource entities with the AMF kernel module. This function runs for each resource after the resource goes into steady state (online or offline).
imf_getnotification	Gets notification about resource state changes. This function runs after the agent initializes with the AMF kernel module. This function continuously waits for notification and takes action on the resource upon notification.

# Using the IPC Cleanup feature for the Sybase agent

When the Adaptive Server starts, it creates shared memory files in \$SYBASE to store information about the shared memory segments that it uses. Adaptive Server start-up parameter -M can be used to change the location of directory that stores shared memory files. The start-up parameter -M should be updated in RUN\_\$Server file.

If the Sybase home directory is unmounted, the Sybase clean script cannot access the shared memory files and does not clean the IPC resources that are allocated by the Sybase processes. Hence, the agent requires shared memory files to be present in the following directory on local system /var/tmp/sybase shm/\$Server.

In the \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE ASE/install directory, edit the RUN \$Server file. Change the location of the directory that stores shared memory files to /var/tmp/sybase shm/\$Server using the -M option.

For example, the file RUN\_Sybase\_Server resembles the following before the change:

```
/home/sybase/ASE-15 0/bin/dataserver \
-sSybase Server \
-d/home/sybase/data/master.dat \
-e/home/sybase/ASE-15 0/install/Sybase Server.log \
-c/home/sybase/ASE-15 0/Sybase Server.cfg \
-M/home/sybase/ASE-15 0 \
After the replacement, the file resembles:
/home/sybase/ASE-15_0/bin/dataserver \
-sSybase Server \
-d/home/sybase/data/master.dat \
-e/home/sybase/ASE-15 0/install/Sybase Server.log \
-c/home/sybase/ASE-15 0/Sybase Server.cfg \
-M/var/tmp/sybase shm/Sybase Server \
```

Here Sybase Server is the name of the Adaptive server.

Note: Make sure you create the /var/tmp/sybase shm/Sybase Server directory with proper permissions.

# Monitoring options for the Sybase agent

The VCS agent for Sybase provides two levels of application monitoring: basic and detail.

In the basic monitoring mode, the agent for Sybase monitors the Sybase dataserver processes to verify whether they are running.

For Sybase cluster edition, the agent uses grmutil utility that Sybase provides to get the status of the Sybase instance. If the state returned by grmutil utility is 'failure pending', the agent panics the node. When the Sybase agent detects that the configured Sybase server is not running on a system, based on the value of the OnlineRetryLimit attribute of the Sybase service group, the service group is restarted on the same system on which the group faulted.

#### For example:

```
# qrmutil --quorum dev=/quorum/quorum.dat --monitor=ase1
Executing 'monitor' command for instance 'asel'
Instance 'ase1' has a failure pending.
# echo $?
99
```

In this example instance 'ase1' has a failure pending state. The agent will panic the node running the instance 'ase1'. The node will automatically rejoin the cluster after reboot.

In the detail monitoring mode, the agent performs a transaction on a test table in the database to ensure that Sybase server is funtioning properly. The test table should be created by the user, and the table is specified in the attribute Table for the Sybase agent. The agent uses this test table for internal purposes. Veritas recommends that you do not perform any other transaction on the test table.

See "About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase" on page 36.

For the Sybase ASE Enterprise edition, when the agent detects that the configured Sybase server is not running on a system, the Sybase service group is failed over to the next available system in the service group's SystemList. The configured Sybase servers are started on the new system, thus ensuring high availability for the Sybase server and data.

# Action function for the VCS agent for Sybase

The agent for Sybase supports the Action function, which enables you to perform predefined actions on a resource.

To perform an action on a resource, type the following command:

```
# hares -action res token [-actionargs arg1 ...] \
[-sys system] [-clus cluster]
```

You can also add custom actions for the agent.

For more information, refer to the Cluster Server Agent Developer's Guide.

Table 1-3 describes the agent's predefined action.

Table 1-3 Predefined agent action

Action	Description
checkpoint_all	Performs "checkpoint all" for the Sybase dataserver by connecting to isql session.
	<b>Note:</b> The checkpoint_all action function is not applicable for Sybase Cluster Edition.

# Typical Sybase configuration in a VCS cluster

In a typical configuration, VCS is configured in a two node cluster. The Sybase data is installed on shared disks. The Sybase server binaries can be installed locally on both nodes or on shared disks. The agent for Sybase is installed on both the nodes. The shared disks can be managed using Veritas Volume Manager (VxVM).

Figure 1-1 illustrates a sample configuration in which the Sybase servers, including binaries and data are installed completely on shared disks or shared cluster disk groups managed using VxVM.

Figure 1-1 Sybase binaries and data on shared disks

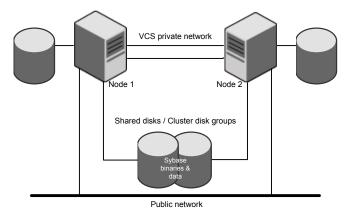
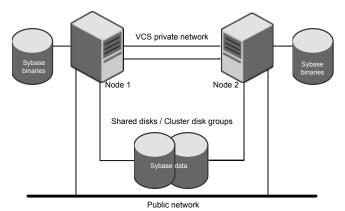


Figure 1-2 illustrates a sample configuration in which Sybase binaries are installed locally on each node in the cluster and the Sybase data is on shared disks or shared cluster disk groups managed using VxVM.

Figure 1-2 Binaries on local disk and Sybase data on shared disks



Chapter 2

# Installing and configuring Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- VCS requirements for installing Sybase
- Installing Sybase in a VCS environment
- Configuring Sybase for detail monitoring

# VCS requirements for installing Sybase

Review the following requirements before you install Sybase in a VCS cluster. Before installing Sybase, make sure that the systems in the cluster have adequate resources to run Sybase and VCS.

## Sybase installation directory

The Sybase installation directory can be located on a local disk or a shared storage. Review the following prerequisites:

- If the Sybase binaries are installed on a local disk, verify that the installation path is same on all the nodes in the cluster. Make sure the Sybase configuration files are identical on all the nodes in the cluster.
- If the Sybase binaries are installed on shared disks, make sure the mount points for the shared disks are same on all the nodes. The Sybase installation directory is specified by the environment variable \$SYBASE. Create the same \$SYBASE mount points on each system.

## SYBASE directory on shared disks

All database devices, including master devices, sybsystemprocs, and information about Sybase user must be located on shared disks. If the database devices are created on file systems, the file systems must also be located on shared disks. Create the same file system mount points on each system to access the shared disks.

For Sybase ASE cluster edition, use Storage Foundation clustered file system (SFCFS) for the Sybase ASE quorum device.

## System Group and User for Sybase home directory

Make sure you have a system group and user, with the same name and ID, on all cluster nodes. Also, the system user should have the ownership of the Sybase home directory on the shared disk. Type the following commands:

```
# groupadd -g group id group name
# useradd -u user id -g group name user name
# chown -R user name:group name $SYBASE
```

#### Database dbspaces

If you use shared disks for dbspaces, change the permissions, or access mode on the disk groups that store the Sybase data. Change the permissions for sybase to 660.

For example, if you use Veritas Volume Manager, type

```
# vxedit -g diskgroup name set group=dba\
user=sybase mode=660 volume name
```

#### Transparent TCP/IP failover

For Sybase server failover to be transparent to Sybase clients, create an IP address as part of the Sybase service group. This IP address must match the dataserver and backup server entries in the \$SYBASE/interfaces file.

For information on the format for adding entries to the \$SYBASE/interfaces file, refer to the Sybase documentation.

## Language settings for the Sybase agent

For the VCS agent for Sybase to function with the desired locale, make sure that the Sybase installation has the correct localization files. For example, if the Sybase server requires 'LANG=en US.UTF-8' environment variable, verify that the localization files corresponding to language 'en US.UTF-8' are installed with Sybase.

Also, edit the file \$VCS HOME/bin/vcsenv to contain the following:

```
LANG=en US.UTF-8
export LANG
LC CTYPE=en US.UTF-8
export LC CTYPE
LC ALL=en US.UTF-8
export LC ALL
```

This change affects all the agents that are configured on the nodes.

# Installing Sybase in a VCS environment

For information on how to install Sybase, refer to Sybase documentation.

# **Configuring Sybase for detail monitoring**

This section describes the tasks to be performed to configure a Sybase server for detail monitoring.

See "About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase" on page 36.

**Note:** The steps that are described here are specific to the sample script, SqlTest.pl, provided with the agent. If you use a custom script for detail monitoring, you must configure the Sybase database accordingly.

Perform these steps only once in a Sybase cluster.

#### To configure Sybase for detail monitoring

- Source the SYBASE.sh file or SYBASE.csh file (depending on the user shell) to set the \$SYBASE and \$SYBASE ASE environment variables.
- 2 Start the Sybase server.

```
# startserver -f ./$SYBASE/$SYBASE ASE/install/RUN server name
```

**3** Start the Sybase client on any cluster node.

```
# isql -Usa -SSYBASE SERVER NAME
```

Enter the administrator password when prompted to do so.

4 Connect to the master database.

```
# use master
# go
```

**5** Create a Sybase user account.

```
# sp addlogin user name, password
# go
```

The detail monitor script should use this account to make transactions on the database.

6 Create a database.

```
# create database database name
# ao
```

The detail monitor script should make transactions on this database.

7 If required, restrict the size of the log file for the database.

```
# sp dboption database name, "trunc log on chkpt", true
# go
```

Connect to the database that is created in step 6.

```
# use database name
# go
```

**9** Associate the user created in step 5 with the database created in step 6.

```
# sp adduser user name
# go
```

10 Change the user to the one created in step 5.

```
# setuser "user name"
# go
```

**11** Create a table in the database.

```
# create table table name (lastupd datetime)
# go
```

The detail monitor script should make transactions on this table.

If you use the SqlTest.pl for detail monitoring, make sure you create a table with a lastupd field of type datetime.

**12** Verify the configuration by adding an initial value to the table.

```
# insert into table name (lastupd) values (getdate())
# go
```

#### 13 Exit the database.

```
# exit
```

Chapter 3

# Installing, upgrading, and removing the agent for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Before you install or upgrade the agent for Sybase
- Installing the agent for Sybase
- Disabling the agent for Sybase
- Removing the agent for Sybase
- Upgrading the agent for Sybase

# Before you install or upgrade the agent for Sybase

Ensure that you meet the following prerequisites to install the VCS agent for Sybase:

- Verify that VCS is installed and configured. If required, review the Cluster Server Configuration and Upgrade Guide.
- Verify that Sybase is installed and configured on all cluster nodes on which you
  will install the agent. Review the Sybase documentation for more information.
   See "VCS requirements for installing Sybase" on page 18.
- Verify that the sybase account is valid and identical on all cluster systems that will run Sybase. Verify that the sybase user account has permissions to execute Sybase binaries.

See "System Group and User for Sybase home directory" on page 19.

# Installing the agent for Sybase

The agent binaries for Cluster Server agent for Sybase are a part of the VRTSvcsea RPM. The VRTSvcsea RPM is already installed if you chose to install all packages or recommended packages during VCS installation. You must manually install the VRTSvcsea RPM if you installed minimal packages during VCS installation. For Sybase ASE cluster edition, the VCS product installer installs the Sybase agent VRTSvcsea RPM along with other components.

You can also install the Cluster Server agent for Sybase from the product disc.

Install the agent for Sybase on each node in the cluster.

#### To install the agent on Linux systems

- 1 Log in as superuser.
- 2 Make sure that the agent is not already installed.

Navigate to /opt/VRTSagents/ha/bin and list the contents of the directory. If the command returns the VCS agents for Sybase, you can skip this procedure.

3 Insert the software disc that contains the Sybase agent software into the system's drive. The disc automatically mounts.

If the disc does not automatically mount, enter:

```
# mount -o ro /dev/cdrom /mnt/cdrom
```

Navigate to the folder that contains the agent software.

```
# cd /mnt/cdrom/dist arch/rpms
```

#### Where

dist is rhel6, rhel7, or sles11

arch is x86 64 for RHEL and SLES

Install the agent software.

#### For RHFI 6:

```
# rpm -i VRTSvcsea-7.2.0.000-RHEL6.x86 64.rpm
```

#### For RHEL7:

```
# rpm -i VRTSvcsea-7.2.0.000-RHEL7.x86 64.rpm
```

#### For SLES 11:

```
# rpm -i VRTSvcsea-7.2.0.000-SLES11.x86 64.rpm
```

- The VRTSvcsea RPM includes the agent binaries for the Sybase agent. The RPM also installs the VCS agents for DB2 and Oracle.
- 7 Copy the file SybaseTypes.cf from /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/ directory to /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config directory.

# Disabling the agent for Sybase

To disable the agent on a system, you must first change the Sybase service group to an OFFLINE state. You can stop the application completely, or switch the service group to another system.

#### To disable the agent

Determine if the service group is online. At the prompt, type:

```
# hagrp -state service group -sys system name
```

2 If the service group is online, switch the service group to another system or take it offline. At the prompt, type:

```
# hagrp -switch service group -to system name
Or
# hagrp -offline service group -sys system name
```

3 Stop the agent on the system. At the prompt, type:

```
# haagent -stop Sybase -sys system name
# haagent -stop SybaseBk -sys system name
```

When you get the message "Please look for messages in the log file," check the file /var/VRTSvcs/log/engine A.log for a message confirming the agent has stopped.

You can also use the ps command to verify that the agent has stopped.

5 When the agent has stopped, you can remove the system, the service group, or the resource type from the VCS configuration.

For more information, refer to the chapter on reconfiguring VCS from the command line in Cluster Server Administrator's Guide.

# Removing the agent for Sybase

This section provides steps to remove the agent from the cluster.

Warning: The VRTSvcsea RPM includes the VCS agents for Oracle, Sybase, and DB2. So, the following procedure to remove the VCS agent for Sybase removes all the other agents also.

#### To remove the agent for Sybase

- Take the Sybase and SybaseBk resources offline.
- 2 Stop the agent for Sybase.

```
# haagent -stop Sybase -sys system name
```

Perform this step on all nodes on which the agent for Sybase is running.

3 Stop the agent for SybaseBk.

```
# haagent -stop SybaseBk -sys system name
```

Perform this step on all nodes on which the agent for SybaseBk is running.

Type the following command to remove the agent from all nodes in the cluster. Answer prompts accordingly.

```
# rpm -e VRTSvcsea
```

# **Upgrading the agent for Sybase**

This section describes the procedure to upgrade the VCS agent for Sybase in a Cluster Server (VCS) cluster. Execute the following steps on each node of the VCS cluster.

Note: You can upgrade the VCS agent for Sybase from versions 5.0, 5.1, 6.0.1, to 7.0.0 or later. See "Installing the agent for Sybase" on page 24.

#### To upgrade the VCS agent for Sybase

Save the VCS configuration and stop the VCS engine.

```
# haconf -dump -makero
# hastop -all -force
```

2 Take a back up of the configuration file (main.cf) to a location on the cluster node.

3 Based on your current VCS Agent version for Sybase, perform the appropriate steps on all systems that have the agent installed:

#### To Perform the following steps

Upgrade the VCS agent from a version command: earlier than 5.1

1. Remove the VCS agent for Sybase, by using the following

```
# rpm -e VRTSvcssy
```

2. Delete the following file:

```
/etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config/SybaseTypes.cf
```

3. Install the Cluster Server Agent for Sybase.

See "Installing the agent for Sybase" on page 24.

Upgrade the VCS agent from 5.1 or later

1. Navigate to the folder that contains the agent software, by running the following command:

```
# cd /mnt/cdrom/dist arch/rpms
```

#### Where:

dist is rhel6, rhel7, or sles11

arch is x86\_64 for RHEL and SLES

2. Upgrade the agent by running the following command:

**Note:** If you run the following command, the VCS agents for Oracle and DB2 are also upgraded.

#### For RHEL6:

```
# rpm -U VRTSvcsea-7.0.0.000-RHEL6.i686.rpm
```

#### For RHEL7:

# rpm -U VRTSvcsea-7.0.0.000-RHEL7.i686.rpm

#### For SLES 11:

# rpm -U VRTSvcsea-7.0.0.000-SLES11.i686.rpm

- Make sure that you have copied the SybaseTypes.cf file from the /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/ directory to /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config directory.
  - Make sure to update the newly copied SybaseTypes.cf file with all the type-level changes that you had made to the older SybaseTypes.cf file.
  - For example, if you had changed the value of the MonitorInterval attribute from the default 60 to 120 seconds, the SybaseTypes.cf file gets updated. You must apply these type-level changes manually to the newly copied SybaseTypes.cf file.
- **5** Copy the main.cf from the backed up location to /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config directory.
- **6** Verify the configuration.

```
# cd /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config
# hacf -verify config
```

- 7 Start VCS on the local node.
- 8 Start VCS on the other nodes.

Chapter

# Configuring VCS service groups for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About configuring service groups for Sybase
- Before configuring the service group for Sybase
- Configuring the service groups for Sybase
- Configuring the service group for Sybase from Cluster Manager (Java console)
- Configuring the service group for Sybase using the command line
- Encrypting passwords for Sybase
- About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase
- Enabling and disabling intelligent resource monitoring (IMF) for agents
- Administering the AMF kernel driver

# About configuring service groups for Sybase

Configuring the Sybase service group involves configuring service group resources and defining attribute values for the configured resources. You must have administrator privileges to create and configure a service group. Before you configure the agent, review the Sybase resource types and their attributes.

# Before configuring the service group for Sybase

Before you configure the Sybase service group, you must meet the following prerequisites:

Verify that VCS is installed and configured on all nodes in the cluster where you plan to configure the service group. For more information on configuring VCS see the Cluster Server Configuration and Upgrade Guide.

**Caution:** In Sybase cluster edition, the Sybase agent assumes that the membership-mode is set to vcs. When Sybase instances are configured under VCS control, the installer automatically sets the **membership-mode** to **vcs**. If the Sybase server instances are configured manually under VCS control or if the quorum device is rebuilt in 'native' mode, ensure that the membership-mode is set to vcs.

 Verify that Sybase is installed and configured identically on all nodes in the cluster.

See "VCS requirements for installing Sybase" on page 18.

 Verify that the Cluster Server agent for Sybase is installed on all nodes in the cluster.

See "Installing the agent for Sybase" on page 24.

 Verify the type definition for Cluster Server agent for Sybase is imported into the VCS engine.

See "Importing the SybaseTypes.cf file" on page 30.

Note: From VCS 6.0 onwards, you need not encrypt passwords if you use the VCS Cluster Manager (Java Console) to configure attributes. It automatically encrypts the passwords.

Caution: If you do not set the Quorum dev attribute for Sybase Cluster Edition, the Sybase agent does not perform the grmutil-based checks. This error in configuration may lead to undesirable results. For example, if grmutil returns failure pending, the agent does not panic the system.

# Importing the SybaseTypes.cf file

Before you configure the Sybase service group, you must import the SybaseTypes.cf file to the VCS engine.

Note: Before you start the following procedure, for more instructions on Java GUI, refer to the Cluster Server 7.2 Configuration and Upgrade Guide.

#### To import the SybaseTypes.cf file using the Cluster Manager (Java Console)

- 1 On one of the nodes in the cluster, start the Cluster Manager (Java Console).
- 2 Log in to the cluster and wait for the Cluster Explorer to launch.
- 3 From the **File** menu select **Import Types**. Switch to the read/write mode if prompted.
- 4 In the Import Types dialog box, select the file:

```
/etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/SybaseTypes.cf
```

- 5 Click **Import** and wait for the file to import.
- Save the configuration.

#### To import the SybaseTypes.cf file using the command line

- Log in to a cluster system as superuser.
- Make the cluster configuration as read-only. This action ensures that all changes to the existing configuration have been saved and further changes are prevented while you modify main.cf:

```
# haconf -dump -makero
```

To ensure that VCS is not running while you edit main.cf, issue the following command to stop the VCS engine on all systems. Leave the resources that are available online.

```
# hastop -all -force
```

Make a backup copy of the main.cf file.

```
# cd /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config
# cp main.cf main.cf.orig
```

5 Edit the main.cf file to include the SybaseTypes.cf file.

```
# include "/etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/SybaseTypes.cf"
```

The Sybase types definition is imported to the VCS engine. The agent for Sybase can be configured without interrupting or stopping VCS.

# Configuring the service groups for Sybase

You can configure the service groups for Sybase using the following methods:

- By using VCS Cluster Manager (Java Console) to edit a resource group template for the agent.
  - See "Configuring the service group for Sybase from Cluster Manager (Java console)" on page 32.
- By using the types configuration files and directly editing the sample main.cf file supplied with the agent. This method requires you to restart VCS before the configuration takes effect.
  - See "Configuring the service group for Sybase using the command line" on page 34.
- By using the Veritas Operations Manager (VOM). For more information, see VOM documentation.

# Configuring the service group for Sybase from Cluster Manager (Java console)

A template for the Sybase resource groups is automatically installed with the VCS agent for Sybase. Using the VCS cluster Manager (Java console), you can view the template, which displays the Sybase service group, its resources and their attributes. You can dynamically modify the attributes' values as necessary for your configuration.

Note: Before you start the following procedure, for more instructions on Java GUI, refer to the Veritas InfoScale Installation Guide.

#### To configure a service group from the Java console

- Make sure that the Sybase type definition file SybaseTypes.cf is imported in your configuration.
  - See "Configuring the service groups for Sybase" on page 32.
- 2 Launch the Cluster Configuration wizard using any of the following ways:
  - From the Cluster Explorer menu, select Tools > Configuration Wizard.
  - If no service groups exist on the system, Cluster Explorer prompts you to launch the Cluster Configuration wizard. Click Yes when prompted.
  - The Loading Templates Information window appears, and launches the wizard.
- 3 Review the information in the Welcome dialog box and click **Next**.

- Specify the name of the service group and the target systems on which the service group is configured.
  - Enter the name of the service group.

and click Next.

- From the Available Systems box, select the systems on which to configure the service group.
- Click the right arrow to move the selected systems to the Systems for **Service Group** box. To remove a system from the box, select the system and click the left arrow.
- Specify system priority for the service group to failover. System priority is numbered sequentially, with the lowest assigned number denoting the highest priority.
- Select the **Service Group Type** as Failover and click **Next**.
- 5 On the Would you like to use a template to configure the service group? dialog box, click **Next** to configure the service group using a template.
- Select the **SybaseGroup** template to configure a Sybase service group. If applicable, a window opens to notify that names of some resources within the new service group are already in use. Resolve the name clashes, if any
- 7 Click **Next** to create the service group that is based on the selected template.
  - A progress indicator displays the percentage of the commands that are executed to create the service group. The actual commands are displayed at the top of the indicator.
- 8 After the service group is created, click **Next** to edit the attributes of the resources.
  - The left pane in the dialog box lists all the resources for the Sybase service group. Select a resource from the left pane to list the attributes on the right pane. The attributes in bold denote mandatory attributes. You can modify the attribute values as given in the procedure that follows.
- 9 Click **Finish** to accept the default values and complete the configuration.

#### To edit the Sybase service group resource attributes

- Select the resource from the list on the left pane. The resource attributes appear in the right pane.
- Select the attribute to be modified and click the edit icon in the **Edit** column. 2
- 3 In the Edit Attribute dialog box, enter the attribute values. To modify the scope of the attribute, choose the Global or Local option.

- Click OK.
- Repeat the procedure for each resource and click Finish. Edit the attributes for all the resources according to your configuration.
- Follow the wizard instructions to complete the configuration. Click **Finish** to quit the wizard.

**Caution:** For added security, you must always provide a secure value for passwords. The password may contain letters (a-z), numbers (0-9), or special characters.

See "Encrypting passwords for Sybase" on page 36.

# Configuring the service group for Sybase using the command line

The VCS agent for Sybase contains a sample configuration file that can be used as reference to directly modify your present configuration file. This method requires you to restart VCS before the configuration takes effect.

#### To configure a service group for Sybase from the command line

- Log in to a cluster system as superuser.
- Make sure the Sybase type definition is imported into VCS engine. See "Configuring the service groups for Sybase" on page 32.
- 3 Edit the main.cf file at /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config/main.cf. For reference, use the sample files at /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase.
  - Create a Sybase service group.
  - Create the Sybase and SybaseBk resources. See "Sybase resource type" on page 45. See "SybaseBk resource type" on page 54.
  - Edit the default attributes to match the parameters in your configuration. For added security, you must always provide a secure value for passwords. See "Encrypting passwords for Sybase" on page 36.
  - Assign dependencies to the newly created resources. Refer to the sample file at /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/.
    - See the Cluster Server Administrator's Guide for more information on assigning dependencies.

- Save and close the file.
- 5 Verify the syntax of the file /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config/main.cf

```
# cd /etc/VRTSvcs/conf/config
# hacf -verify .
```

6 Start VCS on the local node.

```
# hastart
```

- 7 Start VCS on the other nodes.
- 8 If the system is listed in AutoStartList attribute of the Sybase service group, verify that all Sybase service group resources are brought online.

```
# hagrp -state
```

9 Take the service group offline and verify that all the resources are stopped.

```
# hagrp -offline service group -sys system name
# hagrp -state
```

10 Bring the service group online again and verify that all the resources are available.

```
# hagrp -online service group -sys system name
# hagrp -state
```

**11** Switch the Sybase service group to the other node.

```
# hagrp -switch service group -to system name
```

12 Verify that all Sybase service group resources are brought online on the other node.

```
# hagrp -state
```

**13** On all systems, look at the following log files for any errors or status.

```
/var/VRTSvcs/log/engine A.log
/var/VRTSvcs/log/Sybase A.log
/var/VRTSvcs/log/SybaseBk A.log
```

# **Encrypting passwords for Sybase**

VCS provides a utility *vcsencrypt* to encrypt user passwords. Encrypt passwords before specifying them for Sybase and SybaseBk resource type definition.

The vcsencrypt utility also allows you to encrypt the agent passwords using a security key. The security key supports AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) encryption which creates a secure password for the agent. See the Cluster Server Administrator's Guide for more information.

#### To encrypt passwords

- From the path \$VCS HOME/bin/, run the vcsencrypt utility.
- 2 Type the following command.

```
# vcsencrypt -agent
```

The utility prompts you to enter the password twice. Enter the password and press Return.

```
Enter Password:
Enter Again:
```

- 3 The utility encrypts the password and displays the encrypted password.
- 4 Enter this encrypted password as the value for the attribute.

Save the encrypted password for future reference.

# About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase

The VCS agent for Sybase provides two levels of application monitoring: basic and detail. In basic monitoring, Sybase resource monitors the Sybase dataserver processes to verify that they are continuously active.

In detail monitoring, the Sybase resource performs transactions on a test table in the database to ensure that the Sybase server functions properly. The agent uses this test table for internal purposes. Veritas recommends that you do not perform any other transaction on the test table. The agent uses the script that is defined in the attribute Monscript of the Sybase resource. During detail monitoring, the agent executes the specified script. If the script successfully executes, the agent considers the database available. You can customize the default script according to your configurations.

To activate detail monitoring, the LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute must be set to a positive integer and User, UPword, Db, and Table attributes must not be empty (""). The attribute Monscript, which contains the path of the detail monitor script, must also exist and must have execute permissions for the root.

### Enabling detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase

Perform the following steps to enable detail monitoring on a database.

Note: All Sybase resources in the cluster gets modified when you enable detail monitoring for agents.

### To enable detail monitoring

- Make sure the Sybase server is configured for detail monitoring. See "Configuring Sybase for detail monitoring" on page 20.
- 2 Make the VCS configuration writable.

```
# haconf -makerw
```

Enable detail monitoring for Sybase.

```
# hatype -modify Sybase LevelTwoMonitorFreq <value>
# hares -modify Sybase resource User user name
# hares -modify Sybase resource UPword encrypted-password
# hares -modify Sybase resource Db database name
# hares -modify Sybase resource Table table name
# hares -modify Sybase resource Monscript
"/opt/VRTSagents/ha/bin/Sybase/SglTest.pl"
```

**Note:** To enable detail monitoring, the LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute must be set to a positive value. You can also override the value of this attribute at the resource level.

Save the configuration.

```
# haconf -dump -makero
```

**Note:** If detail monitoring is configured and the database is full, the SQL queries take considerable time to commit the results. In such a case, the monitor routine for the agent fails and attempts to fail over the service group. This issue is not encountered if detail monitoring is not configured.

### Disabling detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase

Make the VCS configuration writable with:

```
# haconf -makerw
```

2 To disable detail monitoring for Sybase run the following command:

```
# hatype -modify Sybase LevelTwoMonitorFreq 0
```

**Note:** If the LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute is overridden at resource level, then use hares command and set the LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute to 0 at resource level.

3 Save the configuration with:

```
# haconf -dump -makero
```

# **Enabling and disabling intelligent resource** monitoring (IMF) for agents

Review the following procedures to enable or disable intelligent resource monitoring manually. The intelligent resource monitoring feature is enabled by default. The IMF resource type attribute determines whether an IMF-aware agent must perform intelligent resource monitoring.

Note: VCS provides haimfconfig script to enable and disable IMF for agents. You can use the script when VCS is running or when VCS is stopped. Use the script to enable or disable IMF for the IMF-aware bundled agents, enterprise agents, and custom agents.

For additional information, refer to Enabling and disabling IMF for agents by using script section in Cluster Server Administrator's Guide.

See "How the Sybase and SybaseBk agents support intelligent resource monitoring " on page 9.

Note: All Sybase resources in the cluster gets modified when you enable or disable IMF monitoring for agents.

### To enable intelligent resource monitoring

- 1 Make the VCS configuration writable.
  - # haconf -makerw
- Run the following command to enable intelligent resource monitoring.
  - To enable intelligent monitoring of offline resources:
    - # hatype -modify resource\_type IMF -update Mode 1
  - To enable intelligent monitoring of online resources:
    - # hatype -modify resource type IMF -update Mode 2
  - To enable intelligent monitoring of both online and offline resources:
    - # hatype -modify resource\_type IMF -update Mode 3

You can also change the values of the MonitorFreq key and the RegisterRetryLimit key of the IMF attribute.

See "Attribute definitions for the Sybase agent" on page 46.

See "Attribute definitions for the SybaseBk agent" on page 54.

- 3 Save the VCS configuration
  - # haconf -dump -makero
- 4 Make sure that the AMF kernel driver is configured on all nodes in the cluster.
  - /etc/init.d/amf status
- 5 Restart the agent. Run the following commands on each node.

```
# haagent -stop agent name -force -sys sys name
# haagent -start agent name -sys sys name
```

### To disable intelligent resource monitoring

- Make the VCS configuration writable.
  - # haconf -makerw
- To disable intelligent resource monitoring for all the resources of a certain type, run the following command:
  - # hatype -modify Sybase IMF -update Mode 0
- 3 To disable intelligent resource monitoring for a specific resource, run the following command:
  - # hares -override resource name IMF # hares -modify resource name IMF -update Mode 0
- Save the VCS configuration.
  - # haconf -dump -makero

Note: For Sybase cluster edition, the agent performs a monitoring check based on qrmutil whenever the monitor entry point is executed, either because IMF MonitorFreq is reached or LevelTwoMonitorFreq is reached. For example, if IMF MonitorFreq is set to a higher value such as 10, monitoring check based on qrmutil is performed after 10 x MonitorInterval seconds.

# Administering the AMF kernel driver

Perform the following procedures to start or stop the IMF kernel driver.

### To start the AMF kernel driver

- Set the value of the AMF\_START variable to 1 in the following file:
  - # /etc/sysconfig/amf
- 2 Start the AMF kernel driver. Run the following command:
  - # /etc/init.d/amf start

### To stop the AMF kernel driver

- Set the value of the AMF\_STOP variable to 1 in the following file:
  - # /etc/sysconfig/amf
- 2 Run the following command:
  - # /etc/init.d/amf stop

Chapter 5

# Administering VCS service groups for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About administering service groups for Sybase
- Bringing the Sybase service group online
- Taking the Sybase service group offline
- Switching the Sybase service group
- Modifying the Sybase service group configuration
- Viewing the agent log for Sybase

# About administering service groups for Sybase

You can administer service groups with the Cluster Manager (Java Console), the Veritas InfoScale Operations Manager, or from the command line. The following procedures use the Cluster Manager (Java Console).

# Bringing the Sybase service group online

Perform the following steps to bring a service group online. Note that in the initial few cycles of bringing a service group online, the memory usage by the agent can spike.

#### To bring a service group online

- From Cluster Explorer, click the **Service Groups** tab in the configuration tree.
- 2 Right-click the service group and click Enable Resources to enable all the resources in this group.
- Right-click the service group, hover over **Enable**, and select either the node or all the nodes where you want to enable the service group.
- 4 Save and close the configuration. Click File > Save Configuration, then Close Configuration.
- Right-click the service group, pause over Online, and select the system where you want to bring the service group online.

# Taking the Sybase service group offline

Perform the following procedure from Cluster Manager (Java Console) to take the service group offline.

### To take a service group offline

- In the Cluster Explorer configuration tree with the Service Groups tab selected, right-click the service group that you want to take offline.
- 2 Choose **Offline**, and select the appropriate system from the pop-up menu.

## Switching the Sybase service group

The process of switching a service group involves taking it offline on its current system and bringing it online on another system. Perform the following procedure from Cluster Manager (Java Console) to switch the service group.

### To switch a service group

- In the Cluster Explorer configuration tree with the Service Groups tab selected, right-click the service group.
- 2 Choose **Switch To**, and select the appropriate system from the pop-up menu.

# Modifying the Sybase service group configuration

You can dynamically modify the Sybase agent using several methods, including the Cluster Manager (Java Console), Veritas InfoScale Operations Manager, and the command line.

See the Cluster Server Administrator's Guide for more information.

# Viewing the agent log for Sybase

The VCS agent for Sybase logs messages to the following files:

/var/VRTSvcs/log/engine\_A.log

/var/VRTSvcs/log/Sybase\_A.log

/var/VRTSvcs/log/SybaseBk\_A.log

Appendix A

# Resource type definitions for Sybase

This appendix includes the following topics:

- About the resource type and attribute definitions for Sybase
- Sybase resource type
- SybaseBk resource type

# About the resource type and attribute definitions for Sybase

The resource type represents the VCS configuration definition of the agent. It also specifies how the the configuration file, main.cf, defines the agent. Configuring the agent involves assigning values to the resource type attributes.

For the resource type attributes:

See "Attribute definitions for the Sybase agent" on page 46.

See "Attribute definitions for the SybaseBk agent" on page 54.

For the sample main.cf configuration files:

See "Sample configuration for a Sybase service group on Linux systems" on page 61.

# Sybase resource type

The type definitions and attribute definitions for the Sybase resource type are described as follows.

### Type definition for the Sybase agent

The resource type definition for the agent for Sybase is as follows.

```
type Sybase (
        static boolean AEPTimeout = 1
        static keylist SupportedActions = { "checkpoint all" }
        str Server
        str Owner
        str Home
        str Version
        str SA
        str SApswd
        str Run ServerFile
        str User
        str UPword
        str Db
        str Table
        str Monscript = "/opt/VRTSagents/ha/bin/Sybase/SqlTest.pl"
        boolean WaitForRecovery = 0
        str Quorum dev
        str interfaces File
        int ShutdownWaitLimit = 60
        int DelayAfterOnline = 10
        int DelayAfterOffline = 2
        static int ToleranceLimit = 1
        static str ArgList[] = { Server, Owner, Home, Version, SA,
        SApswd, User, UPword, Db, Table, Monscript,
        WaitForRecovery, Run ServerFile, Quorum dev, State,
        interfaces File, ShutdownWaitLimit, DelayAfterOnline,
        DelayAfterOffline }
        static int IMF{} = { Mode=3, MonitorFreq=5, RegisterRetryLimit=3 }
        static str IMFRegList[] = { Server, Owner, Quorum dev }
        static str AgentDirectory = "/opt/VRTSagents/ha/bin/Sybase"
)
```

### Attribute definitions for the Sybase agent

Review the description of the Sybase agent attributes. The agent attributes are classified as required, optional, and internal.

Table A-1 lists the required attributes.

Table A-1 Required attributes

Required Attributes	Definition
Home	The \$SYBASE path to Sybase binaries and configuration files.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value
Owner	Sybase user as the defined owner of executables and database files in any of the sources (such as NIS+, /etc/hosts, and so on) specified in the /etc/nsswitch.conf file for passwd entry. The Sybase executables and database files are accessed in the context of this user.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	See "System Group and User for Sybase home directory" on page 19.
Quorum_dev	The quorum device manages the cluster membership, stores cluster configuration data, and contains information shared among server instances and nodes. The quorum device is a disk that is accessible to all the nodes in the cluster. Specify a fully qualified quorum device name.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value
	Note: This attribute should be specified only for the cluster edition.
	<b>Note:</b> If you do not set the Quorum_dev attribute for Sybase Cluster Edition, the Sybase agent does not perform the qrmutil-based checks. This error in configuration may lead to undesirable results. For example, if qrmutil returns failure pending, the agent does not panic the system.
SA	Sybase database administrator. This attribute is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value

Table A-1 Required attributes (continued)

Required Attributes	Definition
SApswd	Encrypted password for Sybase database administrator. This password is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value
	See "Encrypting passwords for Sybase" on page 36.
	<b>Note:</b> You need not specify a value for this attribute if the SA user does not require a password.
Server	The \$DSQUERY ASE name. Only one server should be configured in a Sybase service group. The advantage of configuring Sybase resources in a separate service group is, each Sybase data server can failover independently.
	When multiple Sybase resources are configured in a single service group, even if one of the "n" data servers fail, the entire service group will be failed over.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value
Version	Version of Sybase ASE.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value
	<b>Note:</b> After the Sybase resource is online in VCS, you must not modify the Home and Version attributes. For the Sybase cluster edition, setting invalid values for Home and Version attributes when the resource is in Online state causes the node to panic.
	<b>Note:</b> For Sybase cluster edition, after the Sybase resource is online in VCS, you must not modify the Home and Version attributes. For the Sybase cluster edition, setting invalid values for Home and Version attributes when the resource is in Online state causes the node to panic.

Table A-2 lists the optional attributes.

Table A-2 Optional attributes

Optional Attributes	Definition
DetailMonitor	Specifies whether the Sybase server is monitored in detail. A positive integer value indicates that the resource monitors the Sybase server in detail. Value 0 denotes it does not.
	<b>Note:</b> This attribute has been removed from the agent version 6.1.0 onwwards.
	Default is 0.
	Type and dimension: int-scalar
	<b>Note:</b> The DetailMonitor attribute is deprecated in VCS 7.2. Instead, LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute at the Sybase resource type level may be used.
LevelTwoMonitorFreq	Specifies the frequency at which the agent for this resource type must perform second-level or detailed monitoring.
	This is a resource type level attribute. You can override the value of this attribute at the resource level.
	The default value of LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute is 0 (zero).
	If required, the value of LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute can be overridden at resource level.
User	The database user, in the context of which, the transactions are performed on the database. You must specify a value for this attribute if LevelTwoMonitorFreq is set to a positive integer value.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value
UPword	Encrypted password for the database user. You must specify a value for this attribute if LevelTwoMonitorFreq is set to a positive integer value. However, you need not specify a value for this attribute if the database user does not require a password.
	See "Encrypting passwords for Sybase" on page 36.
	intercType and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value

Optional attributes (continued) Table A-2

used	e of the database used for detailed monitoring. The table
	I by the detail monitor script resides in this database. You t specify a value for this attribute if LevelTwoMonitorFreq is o a positive integer value.
Туре	and dimension: string-scalar
Defa	ult value: No default value
the t	ne of the table on which the detail monitoring script performs ransactions. You must specify a value for this attribute if elTwoMonitorFreq is set to a positive integer value.
Туре	and dimension: string-scalar
Defa	ult value: No default value
attrit	path to the detail monitor script; the default value for this oute is the path for the script, SqlTest.pl, provided with the nt. You must specify a value for this attribute if elTwoMonitorFreq is set to a positive integer value.
Туре	and dimension: string-scalar
Defa	ult value: No default value
set.	e: By default, SqlTest.pl script has the execute permission If you specify custom detail monitor script, ensure that om detail monitor script also has the execute permissions
the t show com brow	recovery procedures rebuild the server's databases from ransaction logs. This boolean attribute indicates if the agent all wait during Online agent function, till recovery has been pleted and all databases that can be made online are ght online. This feature is not supported for pre-12.5.1 ase ASE server.
Туре	and dimension: boolean-scalar
Defa	ult value: 0
insta	cifies the location of the RUN_SERVER file for the Sybase ince. The default location of this file is used if no value is diffied for this attribute.
Туре	and dimension: string-scalar
Defa	ult value: No default value

Table A-2 Optional attributes (continued)

Optional Attributes	Definition
IMF	This resource-type level attribute determines whether the Sybase agent must perform intelligent resource monitoring. You can also override the value of this attribute at resource-level.  This attribute includes the following keys:
	Mode: Define this attribute to enable or disable intelligent resource monitoring.
	Valid values are as follows:  O—Does not perform intelligent resource monitoring  T—Performs intelligent resource monitoring for offline resources and performs poll-based monitoring for online resources  Performs intelligent resource monitoring for online resources and performs poll-based monitoring for offline resources  Performs intelligent resource monitoring for both online and for offline resources  Default: 3

Optional attributes (continued) Table A-2

Optional Attributes	Definition
IMF (cont.)	<ul> <li>MonitorFreq: This key value specifies the frequency at which the agent invokes the monitor agent function. The value of this key is an integer.         Default: 5             You can set this key to a non-zero value for cases where the agent requires to perform both poll-based and intelligent resource monitoring. If the value is 0, the agent does not perform poll-based process check monitoring.             After the resource registers with the AMF kernel driver, the agent calls the monitor agent function as follows:</li></ul>
	for agents" on page 39.
	Type and dimension: Integer-association.
interfaces_File	Specifies the location of interfaces file, including the directory name and the file name for the Sybase instance. If this attribute is configured, [-I interfaces file] option is used when connecting to the isql session. If this attribute is not configured, the agent does not use the -I option.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No default value
	For example: /sybase/my_interfaces_file
	<b>Note:</b> It is assumed that you have modified the RUN_ServerFile with the non-default interface file location if the interfaces_File attribute is configured.

Optional attributes (continued) Table A-2

Optional Attributes	Definition
DelayAfterOnline	Specifies the number of seconds that elapse after the Online entry point is complete and before the next monitor cycle is invoked.
	Type and dimension: integer-scalar
	Default value: 10
DelayAfterOffline	Specifies the number of seconds that elapse after the Offline entry point is complete and before the next monitor cycle is invoked.
	Type and dimension: integer-scalar
	Default value: 2
ShutdownWaitLimit	Maximum number of seconds for which the agent waits for the Sybase instance to stop after issuing the <code>shutdown with wait command</code> , and before attempting to issue the <code>kill -15 <data server-pid=""> command</data></code> , if required.
	Type and dimension: integer-scalar
	Default value: 60
Quorum_dev	The quorum device manages the cluster membership, stores cluster configuration data and contains information shared among server instances and nodes. It must be a disk accessible to all nodes in the cluster. Specify fully qualified quorum device name.
	<b>Note:</b> If you do not set the Quorum_dev attribute for Sybase Cluster Edition, the Sybase agent does not perform the qrmutil-based checks. This error in configuration may lead to undesirable results. For example, if qrmutil returns failure pending, the agent does not panic the system.
	Type and dimension: String-scalar
	Default value: No default value
Run_ServerFile	Specifies the location of the RUN_SERVER file of the Sybase instance. The default location of the file is used if no value is specified for this attribute.
	Type and dimension: String-scalar
	Default value: No default value

# SybaseBk resource type

### Type definition for the SybaseBk agent

The resource type definition for the agent for Sybase is as follows.

```
type SybaseBk (
        str Backupserver
        str Owner
        str Home
        str Version
        str Server
        str SA
        str SApswd
        str Run ServerFile
        str interfaces File
        static str ArgList[] = { Backupserver, Owner, Home, Version,
        Server, SA, SApswd, Run ServerFile, interfaces File }
        static int IMF{} = { Mode=3, MonitorFreq=5, RegisterRetryLimit=3 }
        static str IMFRegList[] = { Backupserver, Owner }
        static str AgentDirectory = "/opt/VRTSagents/ha/bin/SybaseBk"
```

### Attribute definitions for the SybaseBk agent

Review the description of the SybaseBk agent attributes. The agent attributes are classified as required and internal.

Table A-3 lists the required attributes for SybaseBk resource.

Table A-3 Required attributes

Required Attributes	Definition
Server	The \$DSQUERY Backup name. Only one server should be configured in a Sybase service group. The advantage of configuring Sybase resources in a separate service group is, each Sybase data server can failover independently. When multiple Sybase resources are configured in a single service group, even if one of the "n" data servers fail, the entire service group will be failed over.  Type and dimension: string-scalar

Required attributes (continued) Table A-3

Required Attributes	Definition
Owner	Sybase user as the defined owner of executables and database files in any of the sources (such as NIS+, /etc/hosts, and so on) specified in the /etc/nsswitch.conf file for passwd entry. The Sybase executables and database files are accessed in the context of this user.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
Home	The \$SYBASE path to Sybase binaries and configuration files.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
Version	Version of Sybase Backup Server.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
Backupserver	The \$BACKUP SYBASE Backup Server name.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
SA	Sybase database administrator. This attribute is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
SApswd	Encrypted password of Sybase database administrator. This password is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	See "Encrypting passwords for Sybase" on page 36.
	<b>Note:</b> You need not specify a value for this attribute if the SA user does not require a password.

Table A-4 lists the optional attribute for SybaseBk agent.

Optional attribute Table A-4

Optional attribute	Definition
Run_ServerFile	Specifies the location of the RUN_SERVER file for the Sybase instance. The default location of this file is used if no value is specified for this attribute.
	Type and dimension: String-scalar
	Default value: No default value

Table A-4 Optional attribute (continued)

Optional attribute	Definition
interfaces _File	Specifies the location of interfaces file for the Sybase instance. If this attribute is configured, [-I interfaces file] option is used when connecting to the isql session. If this attribute is not configured, the agent does not use the -I option.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	Default value: No defalult value
	For example: /sybase/my_interfaces_file
	<b>Note:</b> It is assumed that you have modified the RUN_ServerFile with the non-default interface file location if the interfaces_File attribute is configured.

Optional attribute (continued) Table A-4

Optional attribute	Definition
IMF	

Table A-4 Optional attribute (continued)

Optional attribute	Definition
	This resource-type level attribute determines whether the Sybase agent must perform intelligent resource monitoring. You can also override the value of this attribute at resource-level.
	This attribute includes the following keys:
	<ul> <li>Mode: Define this attribute to enable or disable intelligent resource monitoring.</li> </ul>
	Valid values are as follows:  O—Does not perform intelligent resource monitoring  Tesources and performs poll-based monitoring for offline resources  Performs intelligent resource monitoring for online resources  Tesources  MonitorFreq: This key value specifies the frequency at which the agent invokes the monitor agent function. The value of this key is an integer.  Default: 5  You can set this key to a non-zero value for cases where the agent requires to perform both poll-based and intelligent resource monitoring. After the resource registers with the AMF kernel driver, the agent calls the monitor agent function as follows:  After every (MonitorFreq x MonitorInterval) number of seconds for offline resources  After every (MonitorFreq x OfflineMonitorInterval) number of seconds for offline resources  After every (MonitorFreq x OfflineMonitorInterval) number of seconds for offline resources  RegisterRetryLimit: If you enable intelligent resource monitoring, the agent invokes the oracle_imf_register agent function to register the resource with theAMFkernel driver. The value of the RegisterRetryLimit key determines the number of times the agent must retry registration for a resource. If the agent cannot register the resource within the limit that is specified, then intelligent monitoring is disabled until the resource state changes or the value of the Mode key changes.  Default: 3

Optional attribute (continued) Table A-4

Optional attribute	Definition
	Type and dimension: Integer-association.

Table A-5 lists the internal attribute for SybaseBk agent.

This attribute is for internal use only. recommends not to modify the value of this attribute.

Table A-5 Internal attribute

Internal attribute	Definition
AgentDirectory	Specifies the location of the binaries, scripts, and other files related to the agent for SybaseBk.
	Type and dimension: static-string

Appendix B

# Sample configurations for Sybase

This appendix includes the following topics:

- About the sample configuration for the Sybase agent
- Resource dependency graph for the Sybase agent
- Sample configuration for a Sybase service group on Linux systems
- Sample main.cf files for Sybase ASE CE configurations

# About the sample configuration for the Sybase agent

After Sybase agent installation, several sample main.cf file types can be viewed in the /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase. This appendix describes a typical service group that is configured to monitor the state of Sybase servers in a VCS cluster. The sample configuration graphically depicts the resource types, resources, and resource dependencies within the service group. Review these dependencies carefully before you configure the agent. For more information about these resource types, see the *Custer Server Bundled Agents Reference Guide*.

# Resource dependency graph for the Sybase agent

Figure B-1 illustrates the configuration's dependency graph for Linux.

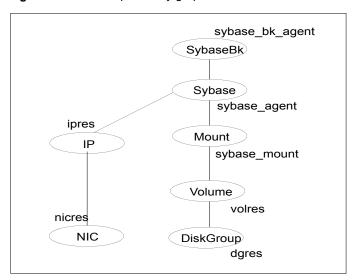


Figure B-1 Dependency graph

The dependency graph depicts a single Sybase instance configuration. The configuration contains a disk group with a single volume. The volume is monitored using a Volume resource and mounted using a Mount resource. The Mount resource requires Volume resource, which in turn requires the DiskGroup resource. The service group IP address for Sybase server is monitored using the IP and NIC resource types. The Sybase server can be started after each of these resources are brought online. The Backup Server is started after the Sybase SQL Server is online.

Note: If your configuration does not use Veritas Volume Manager, use the LVMVolumeGroup, LVMLogicalVolume, and DiskReservation resource types to configure shared storage instead of DiskGroup and Volume resource types.

# Sample configuration for a Sybase service group on Linux systems

The following sample depicts a basic configuration with a Sybase service group configured with one NIC, one database instance configured with detail monitoring, and one backup instance.

```
include "types.cf"
include "/etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/SybaseTypes.cf"
```

### Sample configuration for a Sybase service group on Linux systems

```
cluster vcs cluster (
        UserNames = { admin = anoGniNkoJooMwoInl }
        CounterInterval = 5
system system1 (
       )
system system2 (
       )
group Sybase group (
        SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
IP ipres (
   Device = eth0
   Address = "16.9.1.9"
   NetMask = "255.255.0.0"
Mount sybase mount (
   MountPoint = "/sybase"
   BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/vxdgG01/vxvolG01"
   FSType = vxfs
   MountOpt = rw
   FsckOpt = "-y"
Volume sybase volres (
   Volume="vxvolG01"
   DiskGroup="vxdgG01"
   )
DiskGroup sybase dres (
   DiskGroup = "vxdgG01"
   StartVolumes=0
   StopVolumes=0
   )
NIC nicres (
   Device = eth0
```

```
NetworkHosts = { "16.9.10.1", "16.9.10.2" }
Sybase sybase agent (
  Server = SYB15LNX32
  Owner = sybase
  Home = "/home/sybase"
  Version = "15.0.0"
  SA = sa
  LevelTwoMonitorFreq = 1
  User = vcsuser
  UPword = GSNsLSoSLsPSt
  Db = vcsdb
  Table = vcstable
  Monscript = "/opt/VRTSagents/ha/bin/Sybase/SqlTest.pl"
  WaitForRecovery = 1
  Run ServerFile = "/home/sybase/RUN SYB15LNX32"
  interfaces File = "/newfs/interfaces"
SybaseBk sybase bk agent (
  Server = SYB15LNX32
  Owner = sybase
  Home = "/home/sybase"
  Version = "15.0.0"
  Backupserver = SYB15LNX32 BS
  SA = sa
  Run ServerFile = "/home/sybase/RUN SYB15LNX32 BS"
  interfaces File = "/newfs/interfaces"
   )
ipres requires nicres
sybase agent requires ipres
sybase agent requires sybase mount
sybase mount requires sybase volres
sybase volres requires sybase dres
sybase bk agent requires sybase agent
```

# Sample main.cf files for Sybase ASE CE configurations

Sample main.cf file examples are provided for the following Sybase ASE CE configurations:

- Basic cluster configuration
  - With shared mount point on CFS for Sybase binary installation
  - With local mount point on VxFS for Sybase binary installation
- Replicating data between two clusters
  - For a primary site in a CVM VVR configuration
  - For a secondary site in a CVM VVR configuration

### Sample main.cf for a basic Sybase ASE CE cluster configuration under VCS control with shared mount point on CFS for Sybase binary installation

This sample main.cf is for a single site with a basic cluster configuration with shared mount point on CFS for Sybase binary installation.

The following are the configuration details for this Sybase ASE CE configuration sample main.cf:

- File name: sybasece main.cf
- File location: /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/

```
include "types.cf"
include "CFSTypes.cf"
include "CVMTypes.cf"
include "SybaseTypes.cf"
cluster cluster101 (
    UserNames = { admin = HopHojOlpKppNxpJom }
    Administrators = { admin }
    HacliUserLevel = COMMANDROOT
    UseFence=SCSI3
    )
system system1 (
```

```
system system2 (
// binmounts group for configuring CFS mounts for Sybase binaries.
group binmnt (
   SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
   Parallel = 1
   AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
   OnlineRetryLimit = 3
   OnlineRetryInterval = 120
   CFSMount sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt (
         MountPoint = "/sybase"
        BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybbindg 101/sybbin vol"
         )
   CVMVolDg sybbindg 101 voldg (
         CVMDiskGroup = sybbindg 101
         CVMVolume = { sybbin vol }
         CVMActivation = sw
         )
 requires group cvm online local firm
 sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt requires sybbindg 101 voldg
// resource dependency tree
// group binmnt
// {
// CFSMount sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt
//
 //
        CVMVolDg sybbindg 101 voldg
//
        }
// }
// cvm group for CVM and CFS specific agents.
group cvm (
   SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
   AutoFailOver = 0
```

```
Parallel = 1
   AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
   CFSfsckd vxfsckd (
       )
   CVMCluster cvm clus (
        CVMClustName = sfsyb 90
        CVMNodeId = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
        CVMTransport = gab
        CVMTimeout = 200
        )
   CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd (
       Critical = 0
        CVMVxconfigdArgs = { syslog }
        )
 cvm clus requires cvm vxconfigd
vxfsckd requires cvm clus
// resource dependency tree
//
 // group cvm
// {
 // CFSfsckd vxfsckd
 // {
 //
        CVMCluster cvm clus
 //
 //
           CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd
 //
//
      }
// }
// sybasece group for:
// 1. CVM volumes for Sybase database and quorum device
// 2. CFS mount for Sybase database and quorum device
// 3. Process agent for vxfend process.
// 4. Sybase database instance.
group sybasece (
```

```
SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
Parallel = 1
AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
OnlineRetryLimit = 3
OnlineRetryInterval = 120
CFSMount quorum 101 quorumvol mnt (
    MountPoint = "/quorum"
    BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/quorum 101/quorumvol"
CFSMount sybdata 101 sybvol mnt (
    MountPoint = "/sybdata"
    BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybdata 101/sybvol"
CVMVolDg quorum 101 voldg (
    CVMDiskGroup = quorum 101
    CVMVolume = { quorumvol }
    CVMActivation = sw
CVMVolDg sybdata 101 voldg (
    CVMDiskGroup = sybdata 101
    CVMVolume = { sybvol }
    CVMActivation = sw
Process vxfend (
    PathName = "/sbin/vxfend"
    Arguments = "-m sybase -k /tmp/vcmp_socket"
Sybase ase (
    Server @system1 = ase1
    Server @system2 = ase2
    Owner = sybase
    Home = "/sybase"
    Version = 15
    SA = sa
    Quorum dev = "/quorum/q.dat"
```

```
requires group binmnt online local firm
ase requires quorum 101 quorumvol mnt
ase requires sybdata 101 sybvol mnt
ase requires vxfend
quorum 101 quorumvol mnt requires quorum 101 voldg
sybdata 101 sybvol mnt requires sybdata 101 voldg
// resource dependency tree
// group sybasece
// {
// Sybase ase
//
//
     CFSMount quorum 101 quorumvol mnt
//
//
          CVMVolDg quorum 101 voldg
//
// CFSMount sybdata 101 sybvol mnt
//
//
          CVMVolDg sybdata 101 voldg
//
// Process vxfend
//
// }
```

## Sample main.cf for a basic Sybase ASE CE cluster configuration with local mount point on VxFS for Sybase binary installation

This sample main.cf is for a single site with a basic cluster configuration with local mount point on VxFS for Sybase binary installation.

The following are the configuration details for this Sybase ASE CE configuration sample main.cf:

- File name: sybasece main.cf
- File location: /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase/

```
include "types.cf"
include "CFSTypes.cf"
include "CVMTypes.cf"
```

```
include "SybaseTypes.cf"
cluster cluster101 (
    UserNames = { admin = HopHojOlpKppNxpJom }
    Administrators = { admin }
    HacliUserLevel = COMMANDROOT
    UseFence=SCSI3
    )
system system1 (
    )
system system2 (
    )
\ensuremath{//} binmounts group for configuring VxFS mounts for Sybase binaries.
group binlocalmnt (
    SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
    AutoFailOver = 0
    Parallel = 1
    AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
    OnlineRetryLimit = 3
    OnlineRetryInterval = 120
    DiskGroup sybbindg 101 voldg (
         DiskGroup = sybbindg
    Mount sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt (
         MountPoint = "/sybase"
         BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybbindg 101/sybbin vol"
         FSType = vxfs
         FsckOpt = "-v"
         )
    Volume sybbindg 101 vol (
        DiskGroup = sybbindg
         Volume = sybbinvol
         )
 requires group cvm online local firm
```

```
sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt requires sybbindg 101 vol
 sybbindg 101 vol requires sybbindg 101 voldgdg
// resource dependency tree
// group binlocalmnt
// Mount sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt
 //
 //
       Volume sybbindg vol
 //
 //
           DiskGroup sybbindg 101 voldg
//
//
      }
// }
\ensuremath{//} cvm group for CVM and CFS specific agents.
group cvm (
    SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
    AutoFailOver = 0
    Parallel = 1
    AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
    CFSfsckd vxfsckd (
    CVMCluster cvm clus (
        CVMClustName = cluster101
        CVMNodeId = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
        CVMTransport = gab
        CVMTimeout = 200
    CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd (
        Critical = 0
        CVMVxconfigdArgs = { syslog }
        )
 cvm clus requires cvm vxconfigd
vxfsckd requires cvm clus
```

```
// resource dependency tree
 // group cvm
 // {
 // CFSfsckd vxfsckd
 //
 //
        CVMCluster cvm clus
 //
            {
 //
           CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd
 //
//
       }
// }
// sybasece group for:
// 1. CVM volumes for Sybase database and quorum device
// 2. CFS mount for Sybase database and quorum device
// 3. Process agent for vxfend process.
// 4. Sybase database instance.
group sybasece (
   SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
   Parallel = 1
   AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
   OnlineRetryLimit = 3
   OnlineRetryInterval = 120
    CFSMount quorum 101 quorumvol mnt (
        MountPoint = "/quorum"
        BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/quorum 101/quorumvol"
        )
   CFSMount sybdata_101_sybvol_mnt (
        MountPoint = "/sybdata"
        BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybdata 101/sybvol"
    CVMVolDg quorum 101 voldg (
        CVMDiskGroup = quorum 101
        CVMVolume = { quorumvol }
        CVMActivation = sw
```

```
)
   CVMVolDg sybdata 101 voldg (
       CVMDiskGroup = sybdata 101
       CVMVolume = { sybvol }
       CVMActivation = sw
       )
  Process vxfend (
       PathName = "/sbin/vxfend"
       Arguments = "-m sybase -k /tmp/vcmp socket"
  Sybase ase (
       Server @system1 = ase1
       Server @system2 = ase2
       Owner = sybase
       Home = "/sybase"
       Version = 15
       SA = sa
       Quorum dev = "/quorum/q.dat"
requires group binlocalmnt online local firm
ase requires quorum 101 quorumvol mnt
ase requires sybdata 101 sybvol mnt
ase requires vxfend
quorum 101 quorumvol mnt requires quorum 101 voldg
sybdata 101 sybvol mnt requires sybdata 101 voldg
// resource dependency tree
//
// group sybasece
// {
// Sybase ase
//
       CFSMount quorum 101 quorumvol mnt
//
//
           CVMVolDg quorum 101 voldg
//
//
       CFSMount sybdata 101 sybvol mnt
//
```

```
//
          CVMVolDg sybdata 101 voldg
//
     Process vxfend
//
//
      }
// }
```

#### Sample main.cf for a primary CVM VVR site

This sample main.cf is for a primary site in a CVM VVR configuration. It is one of two sample main.cfs for replicating data between two clusters.

The following are the configuration details for this Sybase ASE CE configuration sample main.cf:

- File name: sybasece\_cvmvvr\_primary\_main.cf
- File location: /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase

```
include "types.cf"
include "CFSTypes.cf"
include "CVMTypes.cf"
include "VVRTypes.cf"
include "SybaseTypes.cf"
cluster cluster101 (
        UserNames = { admin = HopHojOlpKppNxpJom }
        ClusterAddress = "10.180.88.188"
        Administrators = { admin }
        HacliUserLevel = COMMANDROOT
        UseFence=SCSI3
remotecluster syb cluster102 (
        ClusterAddress = "10.190.99.199"
heartbeat Icmp (
        ClusterList = { syb cluster102 }
        Arguments @syb cluster102 = { "10.190.99.199" }
system system1 (
```

```
system system2 (
       )
group ClusterService (
        SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
        AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
        OnlineRetryLimit = 3
        OnlineRetryInterval = 120
        Application wac (
                StartProgram = "/opt/VRTSvcs/bin/wacstart"
                StopProgram = "/opt/VRTSvcs/bin/wacstop"
                MonitorProcesses = { "/opt/VRTSvcs/bin/wac" }
                RestartLimit = 3
        IP gcoip (
                Device = eth0
                Address = "10.180.88.188"
                NetMask = "255.255.255.0"
        NIC csgnic (
                Device = eth0
        gcoip requires csgnic
        wac requires gcoip
        // resource dependency tree
        11
        //
                group ClusterService
        //
        //
                Application wac
        //
                   {
        //
                    IP gcoip
        //
                        {
        //
                        NIC csgnic
        //
                        }
```

```
// }
       // }
group RVGgroup (
        SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
       Parallel = 1
       AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
       CVMVolDg sybdata voldg (
               CVMDiskGroup = sybdata 101
               CVMActivation = sw
       RVGShared sybdata rvg (
               RVG = syb rvg
               DiskGroup = sybdata 101
        requires group binmnt online local firm
        sybdata rvg requires sybdata voldg
group binmnt (
        SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
        Parallel = 1
       AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
       OnlineRetryLimit = 3
       OnlineRetryInterval = 120
       CFSMount sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt (
               MountPoint = "/sybase"
               BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybbindg 101/sybbin vol"
       CVMVolDg sybbindg 101 voldg (
               CVMDiskGroup = sybbindg 101
                CVMVolume = { sybbin vol }
                CVMActivation = sw
        requires group cvm online local firm
```

```
sybbindg_101_sybbinvol_mnt requires sybbindg_101_voldg
group cvm (
        SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
        AutoFailOver = 0
        Parallel = 1
        AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
        CFSfsckd vxfsckd (
                )
        CVMCluster cvm clus (
                CVMClustName = syb cluster101
                CVMNodeId = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
                CVMTransport = gab
                CVMTimeout = 200
        CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd (
                Critical = 0
                CVMVxconfigdArgs = { syslog }
                )
        cvm clus requires cvm vxconfigd
        vxfsckd requires cvm clus
        // resource dependency tree
        //
        //
               group cvm
        //
        //
              CFSfsckd vxfsckd
        //
        //
                    CVMCluster cvm clus
        //
        //
                       CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd
        //
        //
                   }
        //
               }
```

group logowner (

```
AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
        IP logowner ip (
                Device = eth0
               Address = "10.10.9.101"
                NetMask = "255.255.255.0"
        NIC nic (
               Device = eth0
                )
        RVGLogowner rvg logowner (
                RVG = syb rvg
                DiskGroup = sybdata 101
                )
        requires group RVGgroup online local firm
        logowner requires logowner ip
        logowner ip requires nic
        // resource dependency tree
        //
        //
                group logowner
        //
        //
               RVGLogowner rvg logowner
        //
                   {
        //
                   IP logowner ip
        //
                       {
        //
                       NIC nic
        //
        //
                   }
        //
                }
group sybasece (
        SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }
        Parallel = 1
        ClusterList = { syb cluster101 = 0, syb cluster102 = 1 }
        AutoStartList = { system1, system2 }
        ClusterFailOverPolicy = Manual
```

SystemList = { system1 = 0, system2 = 1 }

```
Authority = 1
OnlineRetryLimit = 3
TriggerResStateChange = 1
OnlineRetryInterval = 120
CFSMount quorum 101 quorumvol mnt (
        MountPoint = "/quorum"
        BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/quorum 101/quorumvol"
CFSMount sybdata 101 sybvol mnt (
        MountPoint = "/sybdata"
        BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybdata 101/sybvol"
CVMVolDg quorum 101 voldg (
        CVMDiskGroup = quorum 101
        CVMVolume = { quorumvol }
        CVMActivation = sw
Process vxfend (
        PathName = "/sbin/vxfend"
        Arguments = "-m sybase -k /tmp/vcmp socket"
RVGSharedPri syb vvr shpri (
        RvgResourceName = sybdata rvg
        OnlineRetryLimit = 0
        )
Sybase ase (
        Server @system1 = ase1
        Server @system2 = ase2
        Owner = sybase
        Home = "/sybase"
        Version = 15
        SA = sa
        Quorum dev = "/quorum/q.dat"
        )
requires group RVGgroup online local firm
```

```
sybdata 101 sybvol mnt requires syb vvr shpri
ase requires vxfend
ase requires sybdata 101 sybvol mnt
ase requires quorum 101 quorumvol mnt
quorum 101 quorumvol mnt requires quorum 101 voldg
// resource dependency tree
//
//
        group sybasece
//
        {
//
       Sybase ase
//
           {
//
           CFSMount sybdata 101 sybvol mnt
//
//
                RVGSharedPri syb vvr shpri
//
//
           Process vxfend
//
           CFSMount quorum 101 quorumvol mnt
//
                CVMVolDg quorum 101 voldg
//
//
          }
//
        }
```

### Sample main.cf for a secondary CVM VVR site

This sample main.cf is for a secondary site in a CVM VVR configuration. It is the second of two sample main.cfs for replicating data between two clusters.

The following are the configuration details for this Sybase ASE CE configuration sample main.cf:

- File name: sybasece cvmvvr secondary main.cf
- File location: /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase

```
This is main.cf for CVM VVR configuration on Secondary site.
include "types.cf"
include "CFSTypes.cf"
include "CVMTypes.cf"
include "VVRTypes.cf"
include "SybaseTypes.cf"
```

```
cluster cluster102 (
        UserNames = { admin = HopHojOlpKppNxpJom }
        ClusterAddress = "10.190.99.199"
        Administrators = { admin }
        HacliUserLevel = COMMANDROOT
        UseFence=SCSI3
        )
remotecluster syb cluster101 (
        ClusterAddress = "10.180.88.188"
        )
heartbeat Icmp (
        ClusterList = { syb cluster101 }
        Arguments @syb cluster101 = { "10.180.88.188" }
system system3 (
system system4 (
        )
group ClusterService (
        SystemList = { system3 = 0, system4 = 1 }
        AutoStartList = { system3, system4 }
        OnlineRetryLimit = 3
        OnlineRetryInterval = 120
        Application wac (
                StartProgram = "/opt/VRTSvcs/bin/wacstart"
                StopProgram = "/opt/VRTSvcs/bin/wacstop"
                MonitorProcesses = { "/opt/VRTSvcs/bin/wac" }
                RestartLimit = 3
        IP gcoip (
                Device = eth0
                Address = "10.190.99.199"
                NetMask = "255.255.255.0"
```

```
NIC csgnic (
                Device = eth0
        gcoip requires csgnic
        wac requires gcoip
// resource dependency tree
 // group ClusterService
// {
// Application wac
 //
       {
 //
        IP gcoip
 //
//
           NIC csgnic
//
//
       }
// }
group RVGgroup (
        SystemList = \{ \text{ system3} = 0, \text{ system4} = 1 \}
        Parallel = 1
        AutoStartList = { system3, system4 }
        CVMVolDg sybdata voldg (
                CVMDiskGroup = sybdata 101
                CVMActivation = sw
                )
        RVGShared sybdata rvg (
                RVG = syb rvg
                DiskGroup = sybdata 101
        requires group binmnt online local firm
        sybdata rvg requires sybdata voldg
group binmnt (
        SystemList = { system3 = 0, system4 = 1 }
```

```
Parallel = 1
        AutoStartList = { system3, system4 }
        OnlineRetryLimit = 3
        OnlineRetryInterval = 120
        CFSMount sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt (
                MountPoint = "/sybase"
                BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybbindg 101/sybbin vol"
        CVMVolDg sybbindg 101 voldg (
                CVMDiskGroup = sybbindg 101
                CVMVolume = { sybbin vol }
                CVMActivation = sw
        requires group cvm online local firm
        sybbindg 101 sybbinvol mnt requires sybbindg 101 voldg
group cvm (
        SystemList = { system3 = 0, system4 = 1 }
        AutoFailOver = 0
        Parallel = 1
        AutoStartList = { system3, system4 }
        CFSfsckd vxfsckd (
                )
        CVMCluster cvm clus (
                CVMClustName = syb cluster102
                CVMNodeId = { system3 = 0, system4 = 1 }
                CVMTransport = gab
                CVMTimeout = 200
                )
        CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd (
                Critical = 0
                CVMVxconfigdArgs = { syslog }
        cvm clus requires cvm vxconfigd
        vxfsckd requires cvm clus
```

```
// resource dependency tree
        11
        //
                group cvm
        //
        //
               CFSfsckd vxfsckd
        //
                   {
        //
                   CVMCluster cvm clus
        //
        //
                        CVMVxconfigd cvm vxconfigd
        //
        //
                   }
group logowner (
        SystemList = { system3 = 0, system4 = 1 }
        AutoStartList = { system3, system4 }
        )
        IP logowner_ip (
                Device = eth0
                Address = "10.11.9.102"
                NetMask = "255.255.255.0"
        NIC nic (
                Device = eth0
        RVGLogowner rvg logowner (
                RVG = syb rvg
                DiskGroup = sybdata 101
        requires group RVGgroup online local firm
        logowner requires logowner ip
        logowner ip requires nic
// resource dependency tree
 // group logowner
// {
```

```
// RVGLogowner rvg logowner
 //
 //
       IP logowner ip
 //
 //
           NIC nic
//
//
      }
// }
group sybasece (
        SystemList = { system3 = 0, system4 = 1 }
        Parallel = 1
        ClusterList = { syb cluster102 = 0, syb cluster101 = 1 }
        AutoStartList = { system3, system4 }
        OnlineRetryLimit = 3
        OnlineRetryInterval = 120
        )
        CFSMount quorum 101 quorumvol mnt (
                MountPoint = "/quorum"
                BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/quorum 101/quorumvol"
        CVMVolDg quorum 101 voldg (
                CVMDiskGroup = quorum 101
                CVMVolume = { quorumvol }
                CVMActivation = sw
        CFSMount sybdata 101 sybvol mnt (
                MountPoint = "/sybdata"
                BlockDevice = "/dev/vx/dsk/sybdata 101/sybvol"
        Process vxfend (
                PathName = "/sbin/vxfend"
                Arguments = "-m sybase -k /tmp/vcmp socket"
        RVGSharedPri syb vvr shpri (
                RvgResourceName = sybdata rvg
                OnlineRetryLimit = 0
```

```
Sybase ase (
                Server @system3 = ase1
               Server @system4 = ase2
               Owner = sybase
                Home = "/sybase"
               Version = 15
                SA = sa
                Quorum dev = "/quorum/q.dat"
requires group RVGgroup online local firm
sybdata 101 sybvol mnt requires syb vvr shpri
ase requires vxfend
ase requires sybdata_101_sybvol_mnt
ase requires quorum 101 quorumvol mnt
quorum_101_quorumvol_mnt requires quorum_101_voldg
```

Appendix C

# Changes introduced in previous releases

This appendix includes the following topics:

Changes introduced in the previous release

## Changes introduced in the previous release

The enhancements in the previous releases of Cluster Server Agent for Sybase are as follows:

The VCS agent for Sybase includes the following new or enhanced features:

- The VCS agents for Sybase and SybaseBk now support intelligent resource monitoring. See "How the Sybase and SybaseBk agents support intelligent resource monitoring" on page 9.
- Intelligent monitoring framework (IMF) is enabled by default in VCS 6.0 release.
- The VCS agent for Sybase now provides the high availability for adaptive server in Sybase ASE cluster edition.
- The VCS agent for Sybase introduces the following new Sybase agent attributes:
  - Quorum dev
  - interfaces\_File
  - ShutdownWaitLimit (default value 60)
  - DelayAfterOnline (default value 10)
  - DelayAfterOffline (default value 2)
     See "Attribute definitions for the Sybase agent" on page 46.
  - WaitForRecovery

Note: WaitForRecovery is introduced if you upgrade from SFSYBASECE 5.0.

- The VCS agent for Sybase introduces the following new SybaseBk agent attribute:
  - interfaces File See "Attribute definitions for the SybaseBk agent" on page 54.
- The DetailMonitor attribute is deprecated in VCS 6.0. Instead, LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute of Sybase agent may be used. The default value of LevelTwoMonitorFreq attribute is 0 (zero).
- The default value of ToleranceLimit attribute is set to 1 (one) for Sybase agent.
- The long pathname limitation for \$SYBASE is resolved.
- With VCS 7.2 release, using VCS Cluster Manager (Java Console), Sybase and SybaseBk agents encrypt the password by default. Sybase and SybaseBk agents support both plain text and encrypted password. If required, the plain text value can be specified for agent attributes using the command line on by editing the configuration file.
- Sybase agent uses new timeout option during Shutdown of Sybase data server used instead of shutdown with nowait.
- For Sybase ASE Enterprise edition, the timeout option for shutdown command is supported for versions 12.5.4 and 15.0.2 onwards.
- For Sybase ASE cluster edition, the timeout option for shudown command is supported from versions 15.5 ESD#1 onwards.
- The agent supports a new optional attribute Run ServerFile. The attribute specifies the location of the Run ServerFile for a Sybase instance. If this attribute is not specified, the default location of this file is accessed while starting Sybase server instances.
- The VCS agent binaries for Sybase are now part of VRTSvcsea RPM. This RPM also includes the VCS agent binaries for DB2 and Oracle.
- If you installed the VCS agent binaries using the installer program, the program updates the main.cf file to include the appropriate agent types.cf files.
- The Sybase agent supports the IPC cleanup feature.
- The agent supports a new attribute WaitForRecovery. If this attribute is enabled, during the online function, the agent waits till recovery has been completed and all databases that can be made online are brought online.

- The agent supports a new action called checkpoint\_all. Performs "checkpoint\_ all" for the Sybase dataserver by connecting to an isql session.
- The agent supports a new optional attribute Run ServerFile. The attribute specifies the location of the  ${\tt RUN}\ {\tt SERVER}$  file for a Sybase instance. If this attribute is not specified, the default location of this file is accessed while starting Sybase server instances.

# Index

Symbols \$SYBASE 19  A  agent for Backup server	D database dbspaces 19 detail monitoring disabling 38 enabling 37
functions 12 resource type 54 type definition 54 agent for SQL server attribute definitions 46 functions 10 resource type 45 type definition 45   B  Backup server agent attributes	H hagrp command 25 hagui command 30  I IMF 9 installing Sybase 20 installing Sybase agent Linux 24
AgentDirectory 55, 59 Backupserver 55 home 55 owner 55 SA 55 SApswd 55 server 54 version 55	M monitoring basic 15 detail 15  R removing Sybase agent 25
C cluster manager 32 commands hagrp 25 hagui 30 configuration typical setup 16 configuration wizard 32 configuring service groups 32 about 32 cluster manager (Java Console) 32 command line 34 prerequisites 32	sample configuration Linux 61 service group viewing log 44 SQL server agent attributes Db 50 DelayAfterOffline 53 DelayAfterOnline 53 DetailMonitor 49 home 47 monscript 50 owner 47 Quorum_dev 47 Run_ServerFile 50

```
SQL server agent attributes (continued)
    SA 47
    SApswd 48
    server 48
    ShutdownWaitLimit 53
    table 50
    UPword 49
    user 49
    version 48
    WaitForRecovery 50
support for intelligent resource monitoring 9
supported software 8
Sybase
    database dbspaces 19
    directory on shared disks 19
    installation directory 18
    installation prerequisites 18
    installing 20
    language settings 19
    setting up for detail monitoring 20
    transparent TCP/IP failover 19
Sybase agent
    about 7
    agent functions 9
    configuring using cluster manager 32
    configuring using command line 34
    detail monitoring 36
    disabling 25
    installation prerequisites 23
    installing 24
    monitoring options 15
    removing 25
    supported software 8
    typical setup 16
    uninstalling 25
    upgrading 26
Sybase high availability 8
SybaseTypes.cf file
    importing 30
Т
transparent TCP/IP failover 19
type definition 46
U
uninstalling Sybase agent 25
```