# Veritas™ Cluster Server One Agent for Sybase Installation and Configuration Guide

AIX, HP-UX, Linux, Solaris

5.0



# Veritas Cluster Server One Agent for Sybase Installation and Configuration Guide

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Chapter 1

# Introducing the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase
- What's new in this release
- Supported software
- How the agent makes Sybase highly available
- Agent functions
- Monitoring options for the Sybase agent
- Action function for the VCS One agent for Sybase
- Typical Sybase configuration in a VCS One cluster

# About the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase

The Veritas High Availability Agent for Sybase brings the configured Sybase servers online, monitors them, and takes them offline.

The package contains the following agents:

- Agent for SQL Server- Sybase
- Agent for Backup Server- SybaseBk

The agents include type declarations and agent executables, and are represented with Sybase and SybaseBk resource types, respectively. Both agents work together to make Sybase highly available in a VCS One cluster.

**Note:** The VCS One agent for Sybase provides "active/passive" support for Sybase. For "active/active" support, contact Sybase for their agent.

#### What's new in this release

The VCS One agent for Sybase includes the following new features:

- The agent supports the IPC cleanup feature.
- The agent supports a new attribute WaitForRecovery. If this attribute is enabled, during the online function, the agent waits till recovery has been completed and all databases that can be made online are brought online.
- The agent supports a new action called checkpoint all. Performs "checkpoint all" for the Sybase dataserver by connecting to isql session.
- The agent supports SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 SP1.
- The agent for Sybase on Solaris x64 operating system now supports local zones.

# Supported software

The VCS One agent for Sybase supports the following software versions:

Sybase Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) 12.5.x and 15.0

Veritas Cluster Server One

VCS One 2.0, 2.0.1, and 5.0 on AIX, HP-UX, Linux, and Solaris

AIX AIX 5.3 and 6.1

Refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Release Notes for more details.

**Note**: The agent does not support WPAR.

HP-UX 11i v2.0 HP-UX

HP-UX 11i v3.0

Refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Release Notes for more details.

Linux The agent supports the following Linux distributions:

■ Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4

■ Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5

■ SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 9 with SP3

■ SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 SP1

Refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Release Notes for more details.

Solaris Solaris SPARC: Solaris 9 and Solaris 10 (64-bit)

Solaris x64: Solaris 10 (64-bit)

For Solaris, Symantec recommends applying the latest Solaris operating system patches available from Sun. Visit Sun's Web site

for more information.

**Note:** VCS One can manage Sybase that is installed on different operating systems. But the application failover can occur only between the client systems that run the same operating system version and patch level.

# How the agent makes Sybase highly available

The agent for Sybase can perform different levels of monitoring and different actions which you can configure. In the basic monitoring mode, the agent detects an application failure if a configured Sybase server process is not running. In the detail monitoring mode, the agent detects application failure if it cannot perform a transaction in the test table in the Sybase database server.

When the agent detects that the configured Sybase server is not running on a system, the Sybase service group is failed over to another client system in the cluster. The configured Sybase servers are started on the new system, thus ensuring high availability for the Sybase server and data.

On Solaris 10, VCS One provides high availability to applications that run in the context of Solaris Containers. You can configure the VCS One agent for Sybase to monitor these resources that run in the context of Solaris zones and projects.

See "Sybase instances running in Solaris zones" on page 14.

See "Sybase instances running in the context of Solaris Resource Managers" on page 14.

#### Sybase instances running in Solaris zones

Solaris 10 provides workload management through Solaris Resource Manager (SRM). SRM enables you to manage, allocate, and control resources at the workload level instead of the individual process level. A workload is a collection of all the process that constitute a one or more applications. VCS One lets you set workload at service group level to all the applications. VCS One enforces load restrictions through Solaris Resource Manager.

See Veritas Cluster Server One User's Guide.

VCS One provides high availability to applications running in the context of Solaris projects. For applications running in the context of projects, the agent's script entry points can execute the commands that run in the context of projects.

The Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase is project-aware and can monitor Sybase instances running in the context of Solaris projects.

#### Sybase instances running in the context of Solaris Resource Managers

Solaris 10 provides workload management through Solaris Resource Manager (SRM).SRM enables you to manage, allocate, and control resources at the workload level instead of the individual process level. A workload is a collection of all the process that constitute a one or more applications.

VCS One lets you set workload at service group level to all the applications. VCS One enforces load restrictions through Solaris Resource Manager.

See Veritas Cluster Server One User's Guide.

VCS One provides high availability to applications running in the context of Solaris projects. For applications running in the context of projects, the agent's script entry points can execute the commands that run in the context of projects.

The Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase is project-aware and can monitor Sybase instances running in the context of Solaris projects.

# **Agent functions**

The functions an agent performs are called entry points. The VCS One agent for Sybase can perform different operations or functions on the database. These functions are online, offline, monitor, clean, and action.

Review the functions for the following agents that are part of the VCS One agent for Sybase:

Sybase agent functions

See "Agent for SQL server- Sybase" on page 15.

Sybase Bk agent functions

See "Agent for Backup server- SybaseBk" on page 16.

# Agent for SQL server- Sybase

The agent for Sybase starts a Sybase SQL server, monitors the server processes, and shuts down the server.

Table 1-1 lists the Sybase agent for SQL server functions.

Table 1-1 Sybase agent for SQL server functions

_	
Agent function	Description
Online	Starts the Sybase SQL server by using the following command.
	startserver -f \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE_ASE/install/ RUN_\$Server
	If the WaitForRecovery attribute is enabled, the agent waits either till recovery has been completed and all databases that can be made online are brought online, or till the OnlineTimeout value is reached. The agent uses the AEPTimeout attribute to get the time out value for the entry point.
	By default, the WaitForRecovery attribute is not enabled.
Monitor	In the basic monitoring mode, the agent scans process table for the dataserver process. In detail monitoring mode, the agent runs the script that is specified in Monscript as an option.
	See "Monitoring options for the Sybase agent" on page 17.
Offline	Stops the Sybase SQL server by using the ${\tt isql}$ command in the following manner.
	The agent first executes the command shutdown with wait. If this command fails, the offline script executes shutdown with nowait.
Clean	Forcefully stops the Sybase SQL server by using the <code>isql</code> command in the following manner.
	The agent first executes the command shutdown with wait. If this command fails, the clean script executes shutdown with nowait.
	If the process does not respond to the shutdown command, the agent scans the process table for the processes that are associated with the configured database and kills them.

Table 1-1 Sybase agent for SQL server functions (continued)

Agent function	Description
Action	Performs the predefined actions on a resource.
	See "Action function for the VCS One agent for Sybase" on page 17.

#### Agent for Backup server- SybaseBk

The agent for SybaseBk starts a Sybase Backup server, monitors the server process, and shuts down the server.

Table 1-2 lists the Sybase agent for Backup server functions.

Table 1-2 Sybase agent for Backup server functions

	S
Agent function	Description
Online	Starts the Sybase Backup server by using the following command.
	startserver -f \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE_ASE/
	install/RUN_\$BackupServer
Monitor	Scans the process table for the backupserver process.
Offline	Stops the Sybase Backup server by using the <code>isql</code> command in the following manner.
	The agent first executes the command shutdown SYB_BACKUP with wait. If this command fails, the offline script executes shutdown SYB_BACKUP with nowait.
Clean	Forcefully stops the Sybase Backup server by using the isql command in the following manner.
	The agent first executes the command shutdown SYB_BACKUP with wait. If this command fails, the clean script executes shutdown SYB_BACKUP with nowait.
	If the process does not respond to the shutdown command, the agent scans the process table for the processes that are associated with the configured Sybase Backup server and kills them.

# Monitoring options for the Sybase agent

The agent for Sybase provides two levels of application monitoring: basic and detail.

In the basic monitoring mode, the agent for Sybase monitors the Sybase daemon processes to verify whether they are running.

In the detail monitoring mode, the agent performs a transaction on a test table in the database to ensure that Sybase functions properly. The agent uses this test table for internal purposes. Symantec recommends that you do not perform any other transaction on the test table.

See "About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase" on page 41.

When the agent detects that the configured Sybase server is not running on a system, the Sybase service group is failed over to another client system in the cluster. The configured Sybase servers are started on the new client system, thus ensuring high availability for the Sybase server and data.

#### Monitoring Sybase instances running in Solaris 10 zones

VCS One provides high availability to applications running in non-global zones by extending the failover capability to zones. VCS One is installed in a global zone and all VCS One agents and engine components run in the global zone. For applications running within non-global zones, agents run entry points inside the zones. If a zone configured under VCS One control faults, VCS One fails over the entire service group containing the zone. The agent for Sybase is zone-aware and can monitor Sybase instances running in non-global zones.

For more information on using zones in your VCS One environment, refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One User's Guide.

# Action function for the VCS One agent for Sybase

The agent for Sybase supports the Action function, which enables you to perform predefined actions on a resource.

To perform an action on a resource, type the following command:

```
# hares -action res token [-actionargs arg1 ...] \
[-sys system] [-user user@domain] [-domaintype domaintype]
```

You can also add custom actions for the agent.

For more information, refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Agent Developer's Guide.

Table 1-3describes the agent's predefined action.

Predefined agent action Table 1-3

Action	Description
checkpoint_all	Performs "checkpoint all" for the Sybase dataserver by connecting to isql session.

# Typical Sybase configuration in a VCS One cluster

A typical Sybase configuration in a VCS One cluster has the following characteristics:

- The Policy Master runs on two nodes in the cluster.
- The VCS One client is installed on all clusters.
- The Sybase data is installed on shared storage.
- The Sybase binaries are installed locally on clusters or on shared disks.
- The Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase is installed on client systems.

Figure 1-1 depicts a configuration where Sybase binaries and data are installed completely on shared disks.

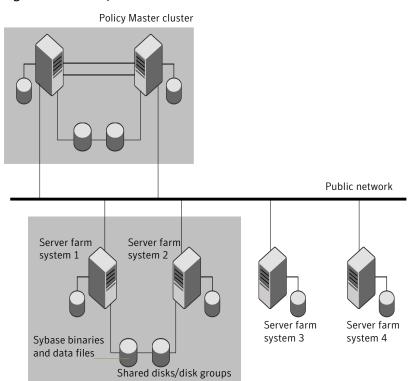


Figure 1-1 Sybase binaries and data on shared disks

Figure 1-2 depicts a configuration where Sybase binaries are installed locally on each client system and Sybase data is installed on shared disks.

Policy Master cluster Public network Server farm Server farm system 2 system 1 Sybase Server farm Server farm binaries system 3 system 4 Sybase data files Shared disks/disk groups

Sybase binaries on local disk and Sybase data on shared disk Figure 1-2

#### About setting up Sybase in a VCS One cluster

Tasks involved in setting up Sybase in a VCS One environment include:

- Setting up a VCS One cluster Refer to Veritas Cluster Server One Installation Guide for more information on installing and configuring VCS One.
- Installing and configuring Sybase. See "Installing Sybase in a VCS One environment" on page 28.
- Installing the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase. See "Before you install the agent for Sybase" on page 29.
- Configuring VCS One service groups for Sybase. See "About configuring a service group for Sybase" on page 39.

Chapter 2

# Installing and configuring Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About installing Sybase in a VCS One environment
- VCS One requirements for installing Sybase
- Configuring Sybase for detail monitoring
- Installing Sybase in a VCS One environment

# About installing Sybase in a VCS One environment

The strategy for installing Sybase into a VCS One cluster is aimed at ensuring that installations on all client systems in the cluster are uniform.

See the Sybase documentation. You can install Sybase in the following ways in a VCS One environment:

\$SYBASE\_HOME on the shared disk Sybase binaries and Sybase data are installed on shared disks.

\$SYBASE\_HOME on the local disk Sybase binaries are installed locally on each client system and Sybase data is installed on shared disks.

When installing Sybase, ensure that the login\_id, id\_name, group\_id, and group\_name for the Sybase owner is the same on all the client systems.

# VCS One requirements for installing Sybase

Review the following prerequisites and requirements before you install Sybase in a VCS One cluster. Before installing Sybase, make sure the systems in the client system have adequate resources to run Sybase and VCS One

#### Sybase installation directory

The Sybase installation directory can be located on a local disk or a shared storage. Review the following prerequisites:

- If the Sybase binaries are installed on a local disk, verify that the installation path is same on all the nodes in the cluster. Make sure the Sybase configuration files are identical on all the nodes in the cluster.
- If the Sybase binaries are installed on shared disks, make sure the mount points for the shared disks are same on all the nodes. The Sybase installation directory is specified by the environment variable \$SYBASE. Create the same \$SYBASE mount points on each system.

#### \$SYBASE directory on shared disks

All database devices, including master devices, sybsystemprocs, and information about Sybase user must be located on shared disks. If the database devices are created on file systems, the file systems must also be located on shared disks. Create the same file system mount points on each system to access the shared disks.

#### Database dbspaces

If you use shared disks for dbspaces, change the permissions, or access mode on the disk groups that store the Sybase data. Change the permissions for sybase to 660.

For example, if you use Veritas Volume Manager, type

#vxedit -g diskgroup name set group= dba\ user=sybase mode=660 volume name

### Transparent TCP/IP failover

For Sybase server failover to be transparent to Sybase clients, create an IP address as part of the Sybase service group. This IP address must match the dataserver and backup server entries in the \$SYBASE/interfaces file. For information on the

format for adding entries to the \$SYBASE/interfaces file, refer to the Sybase documentation.

#### System user for Sybase home directory

Make sure you have a system user, with the same username and ID, on all cluster nodes. Also, the system user should have the ownership of the Sybase home directory on the shared disk. Type the following commands:

```
# useradd -u user id user name
# chown -R user name $SYBASE
```

#### Long pathname limitation for \$SYBASE

The AIX, Linux, and Solaris process tables limit process names to 79 characters.

A process having a longer pathname is truncated in the table, making it unrecognizable. The Sybase home directory (\$SYBASE) could possibly have such a long pathname. In this case, you can create a soft link to the \$SYBASE directory and use it in place of the long filename in the appropriate Sybase installation files.

See "Using a soft link to a \$SYBASE pathname" on page 23.

#### Using a soft link to a \$SYBASE pathname

Using a soft link pathname avoids the problems that arise due to the long pathname.

After creating the soft link on each system, you must edit the following files, by making the appropriate substitutions.

- The file RUN Server in the directory \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE ASE/install.
- The file RUN Server back in the directory \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE ASE/install.

#### Example- Replacing \$SYBASE pathname with a soft link

The following example demonstrates how to replace a \$SYBASE pathname with a soft link.

#### To replace a \$SYBASE pathname with a soft link

On each system in the cluster, create a soft link to the long pathname. For example,

```
# ln -s /opt/apps/sybase/home/directory/is/longer/than\
   eighty/characters/sybase /opt/link to longpath
```

Now the process is invoked with the short pathname of the soft link.

In the \$SYBASE/\$SYBASE ASE/install directory, edit the two files RUN Server and RUN Backupserver back. Find all instances of the long pathname, for example,

/opt/apps/sybase/home/directory/is/longer/than/eighty/characters/sybase. Replace all the instances with the soft link, for example, /opt/link to longpath.

Example: The file RUN Server resembles the following before the change:

```
/opt/apps/sybase/home/directory/is/longer/than/eighty
  /characters/sybase/ASE-12 5/bin/dataserver\
-d/dev/vx/rdsk/db dg1/vol2\
-e/opt/apps/sybase/home/directory/is/longer
  /than/eighty /characters/sybase/install/fw17i.log\
-M/opt/apps/sybase/home/directory/is/longer/than/eighty
  /characters/sybase\
-sfw17i\
```

After the replacement, the file resembles as follows:

```
/opt/link to longpath/ASE-12 5/bin/dataserver\
-sfw17i\
-d/dev/vx/rdsk/db dg1/vol2\
-e/opt/link to longpath/install/fw17i.log\
-M/opt/link to longpath\
```

Make sure that the -s option and its argument (fw17i in the example) are the first to be listed. It must be placed within the first eighty characters of the file. Failure to do this will not bring the service group online.

For example, if you do not put the -s option and the argument in the first eighty characters, the command string that will be considered is as follows:

```
/opt/apps/sybase/home/directory/is/longer/than/eighty
 /characters/sybase/ASE-12 5/
```

In this case, the -s option will be omitted and the service group will fail to come online. However, if you moved the -s to be the first option, the first eighty characters of the command string for the same example will be as follows:

```
/opt/link to longpath/ASE-12 5/bin/dataserver\
 -sfw17i∖
 -d/dev/vx/rdsk/db dg1/vol2
```

In this case, the -s option is among the first eighty characters.

Edit the Home attribute for both the Sybase type and the SybaseBk type.

```
For example: Home = "/opt/link_to_longpath"
See "Sybase resource type" on page 45.
See "SybaseBk resource type" on page 48.
```

# Configuring Sybase for detail monitoring

This section describes the tasks to be performed for configuring a Sybase server to be monitored in detail.

See "About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase" on page 41.

**Note:** The steps that are described here are specific to the sample script, SqlTest.pl, provided with the agent. If you use a custom script for detail monitoring, you must configure the Sybase database accordingly.

Perform these steps only once in a Sybase cluster.

#### To set up Sybase for detail monitoring

- Source the SYBASE.sh file or SYBASE.csh file (depending on the user shell) to set the \$SYBASE and \$SYBASE ASE environment variables.
- Start the Sybase server.

```
# $SYBASE/$SYBASE ASE/install/RUN server name
```

Start the Sybase client on any cluster node.

```
# isql -Usa
```

Enter the administrator password when prompted to do so.

Connect to the master database.

```
# use master
# go
```

Create a Sybase user account.

```
# sp addlogin user name, password
# go
```

The detail monitor script should use this account to make transactions on the database.

Create a database.

```
# create database database name
# go
```

The detail monitor script should make transactions on this database.

If required, restrict the size of the log file for the database.

```
# sp dboption database name, " log on chkpt", true
# go
```

Connect to the database that is created in step 6.

```
# use database name
# go
```

Associate the user created in step 5 with the database created in step 6.

```
# sp adduser user name
qo
```

10 Change the user to the one created in step 5.

```
# setuser user name
# go
```

11 Create a table in the database.

```
# create table table name (lastupd datetime)
# go
```

The detail monitor script should make transactions on this table.

If you use the SqlTest.pl for detail monitoring, make sure you create a table with a lastupd field of type datetime.

**12** Verify the configuration by adding an initial value to the table.

```
# insert into table name (lastupd) values (getdate())
# go
```

13 Exit the database.

```
# exit
```

# Installing Sybase in a VCS One environment

For information on how to install Sybase, refer to Sybase documentation.

Chapter 3

# Installing and removing the VCS One agent for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Before you install the agent for Sybase
- Installing the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase
- Disabling the VCS One agent for Sybase
- Removing the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase

# Before you install the agent for Sybase

Meet the following prerequisites to install the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase:

- Make sure SSH or rsh communications is set up.
  - You must be able to communicate from the client system where you run the installation program to the client systems where you want to install the VCS One agent pack software.
  - For information on configuring SSH for remote communication, refer to *Veritas Cluster Server One Installation Guide*.
- Make sure the VCS One client is installed on Policy Master node or on all client systems.
  - Refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Installation Guide.
- If Veritas Cluster Server agent for Sybase is installed on any of the client systems, uninstall it.
- If a previous version of the agent is installed, uninstall it.
- Verify that Sybase is installed and configured.

See Sybase documentation.

See "About installing Sybase in a VCS One environment" on page 21.

# Installing the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for **Sybase**

You must install the agent for Sybase on all the client systems of the VCS One cluster that will host the Sybase service group. You can install the agent for Sybase using the installagpack program or using the command line interface (CLI).

The installation of the agent packs involves the following phases:

Installing the agent packages See "Installing the agent packages using the

installer" on page 30.

Adding the agent resource type

definitions

See "Adding the agent resource type definitions"

on page 32.

**Note:** The installagpack program supports only the -addtypes, -rmtypes, -responsefile, and -rsh options. Symantec recommends that you do not use any of the other options from the installagpack command help output.

#### Installing the agent packages using the installer

You can install the agent packages on one or more client systems of a specific platform type.

#### Perform the following steps to install the agent packages using the installer

- Mount the VCS One Agent Pack software disc on the client system where you plan to run the installation.
- Depending on the platform type, navigate to the directory containing the agent installer:

ATX cd1/aix/vcsone/vcsone version

HP-UX cdl/hpux/hpuxos version/vcsone/vcsone version

Where os version is the HP-UX version.

Linux cd1/linux/dist arch/vcsone/vcsone version

Where *dist* is the Linux distribution and *arch* is the architecture.

Solaris cd1/solaris/dist arch/vcsone/vcsone version

Where, dist arch is 'sol sparc' or 'sol x64'.

Enter the following command to start the agent pack installation: 3

#### # ./installagpack [-rsh]

You can use the -rsh option if rsh and rcp are used for communication between systems instead of the default ssh and scp. This option requires that systems be preconfigured such that the rsh commands between systems execute without prompting for passwords or confirmations.

- 4 Enter the name of the client systems where you want to install the agents.
- Choose whether to install all the agents or any specific agent. Follow the installer prompt to specify your option.
- Review the output as the installation program installs the agent packages. You can view installation logs in the /var/VRTS/install/logs directory.

#### Installing the agent package using the CLI

You can install the desired agent package using the CLI, on one or more client systems of a specific platform type.

#### Perform the following steps to install the agent packages using CLI

- Mount the VCS One Agent Pack software disc on the client system where you plan to run the installation.
- Depending on the platform type, navigate to the directory containing the agent installer:

```
# cd1/aix/vcsone/vcsone_version/pkgs
ATX
HP-UX
                  # cd1/hpux/hpuxos version/vcsone/vcsone version/depot
Linux
                  # cd1/linux/dist arch/vcsone/vcsone version/rpms
                 Where, dist is the Linux distribution and arch is the architecture
Solaris
                  # cd1/solaris/dist arch/vcsone/vcsone version/pkgs
                 Where dist_arch is 'sol_sparc' or 'sol_x64'
```

Type the following command on each client system to install the agent. Answer the prompt accordingly:

```
AIX
               # installp -ac -d . VRTSvcssy.rte
HP-UX
               # swinstall -s `pwd` VRTSvcssy
Linux
               # rpm -ivh VRTSvcssy rpm filename
Solaris
               # pkgadd -d . VRTSvcssy
```

#### Adding the agent resource type definitions

You must add the agent resource type definitions to the Policy Master database configuration. You can perform this task from any client system in the VCS One cluster.

**Note:** You must add the agent resource type definitions only one time per platform type.

#### To add the agent resource types to the policy master database configuration

Set up RSH or SSH communications between the client system and the policy master system.

For information on configuring SSH for remote communication, refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Installation Guide.

- 2 Make sure that the PM daemon is running.
  - # /opt/VRTSvcsone/bin/haclus -display

The output should show ClusterState is RUNNING.

- If you have just installed the agents on VCS One client systems and still have the VCS One Agent Pack software disc mounted, skip to step 6.
- Mount the VCS One Agent Pack software disc. 4
- 5 Depending on the platform type, navigate to the directory containing the agent installer:

AIX cd1/aix/vcsone/vcsone version

HP-UX cd1/hpux/hpuxos version/vcsone/vcsone version

Where os\_version is the HP-UX version.

Linux cd1/linux/dist arch/vcsone/vcsone version

Where *dist* is the Linux distribution and *arch* is the architecture.

Solaris cd1/solaris/dist arch/vcsone/vcsone version

Where *dist arch* is the sol sparc or sol x64.

- Enter the command to start the agent pack installer for adding resource types to the Policy Master configuration database. Use the -addtypes option:
  - # ./installagpack -addtypes
- When the installer prompts, enter the virtual IP address of the Policy Master.
- 8 Review the output as the installer verifies communication with the Policy Master system.

- Choose whether to add the type definitions for all the agents or for specific agents. Follow the installer prompts to add the type definitions.
- **10** Review the output as the installer adds the agent types to the PM database configuration and copies the appropriates types.xml files to the PM system.

You can view installation logs in the /var/VRTS/install/logs directory.

# Disabling the VCS One agent for Sybase

To disable the agent on a system, you must first change the Sybase service group to an OFFLINE state. You can stop the application completely, or switch the service group to another system.

#### To disable the agent

Determine if the service group is online. At the prompt, type:

```
# hagrp -state service group -sys system name
```

If the service group is online, take it offline. At the prompt, type:

```
# hagrp -switch service group -to system name
Or
# hagrp -offline service group -sys system name
```

Stop the agent on the system. At the prompt, type:

```
# haagent -stop Sybase -sys system name
# haagent -stop SybaseBk -sys system name
```

4 When you get the message "Please look for messages in the log file," check the file /var/VRTSvcsone/log/engine A.log for a message confirming the agent has stopped.

You can also use the ps command to verify that the agent has stopped.

When the agent has stopped, you can remove the system, the service group, or the resource type from the VCS One configuration.

For more information, see the chapter on reconfiguring VCS One from the command line in:

Veritas Cluster Server One User's Guide.

# Removing the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for **Sybase**

Make sure you stop the agent on all client systems before you remove the service group, the resource type, or both from the VCS One configuration.

You can remove all the VCS One agent packages that the installagpack program installed, or can remove only a particularly desired agent package. Removing the agent package involves removing the agent files from each client system where it was installed.

**Note:** Before you attempt to remove the agent package, make sure its application service group is not ONLINE.

See "Removing the agent packages using the installer" on page 35.

See "Removing the agent package using CLI" on page 36.

After removing the agent packages you can remove the agent type definition from the Policy Master system.

See "Removing the agent type definition from the Policy Master system" on page 37.

#### Removing the agent packages using the installer

You can remove all the agent packages or the desired agent package using the uninstallagpack program.

**Note:** The uninstallagpack program supports only the -responsefile and -rsh options. Symantec recommends that you do not use any of the other options from the uninstallagpack command help output.

#### To remove the agent packages from the client systems

- Mount the VCS One Agent Pack software disc on the client system where you plan to run the uninstallagpack program.
- Depending on the platform type, navigate to the directory containing the agent uninstaller:

AIX	cd1/aix/vcsone/vcsone_version
HP-UX	cd1/hpux/hpuxos_version/vcsone/vcsone_version
	Where os_version is the HP-UX version.
Linux	cd1/linux/dist_arch/vcsone/vcsone_version
	Where $\mathit{dist}$ is the Linux distribution and $\mathit{arch}$ is the architecture.
Solaris	cd1/solaris/dist_arch/vcsone/vcsone_version
	Where <i>dist_arch</i> is the sol_sparc or sol_x64.

3 Start the uninstallagpack program.

```
# ./uninstallagpack [-rsh]
```

- Enter the name of the client systems on which you want to uninstall the agent pack. The names must be separated by spaces.
- Choose whether to remove all the agent packages or a specific agent package. Follow the installer prompt to remove the agent package.
- Review the output as the program verifies the agent pack that you installed and removes the agent packages.

You can view logs in the /var/VRTS/install/logs directory.

#### Removing the agent package using CLI

You can remove a desired agent package using the CLI.

Note: You must remove this agent package from each client system in the cluster.

#### To remove the agent for Sybase from a client system

Type the following command on each client system to remove the agent. Answer prompts accordingly:

AIX # installp -u VRTSvcssy HP-UX # swremove VRTSvcssy Linux # rpm -e VRTSvcssy Solaris # pkgrm VRTSvcssy

#### Removing the agent type definition from the Policy Master system

After you remove the agent packages, you can remove the agent type definitions for all the agents for specific agents from the Policy Master system.

#### To remove the agent type definition from the Policy Master system

Navigate to the following directory on the client system.

```
# cd /opt/VRTS/install
```

Run the following command to remove the agent type definition from the Policy Master system:

```
# ./installagpack -rmtypes
```

- When the installer prompts, enter the virtual IP address of the Policy Master. 3
- Choose whether to remove the type definitions for all the agents or for specific agents. Follow the installer prompts to remove the type definitions.

You can view logs in the /var/VRTS/install/logs directory.

Chapter 4

# Configuring VCS One service groups for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About configuring a service group for Sybase
- Before you configure the service group
- Configuring the service group
- Encrypting passwords
- About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase

#### About configuring a service group for Sybase

Configuring the Sybase service group involves creating the Sybase service group, its resources, and defining attribute values for the configured resources. You must have administrator privileges to create and configure a service group.

You can configure VCS One agent for Sybase using the command-line.

#### Before you configure the service group

Before you configure the Sybase service group, you must:

- Verify that VCS One client is installed and configured on all client systems in the cluster where you will configure the service group.
  - Refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Installation Guide for more information.
- Verify that Sybase is installed and configured identically on all client systems in the cluster.

See "About installing Sybase in a VCS One environment" on page 21.

 Verify that the Veritas Cluster Server One agent for Sybase is installed on all client systems in the cluster.

See "Before you install the agent for Sybase" on page 29.

■ Make sure that the agent resource type definitions are added to the Policy Master database configuration.

#### Configuring the service group

You can configure Sybase in a VCS One environment in one of the ways that VCS One supports.

You can configure VCS One agent for Sybase using the command-line. You can modify an existing service group using the VCS One console.

Review the following to configure the service group:

 Sample configuration files and resource dependency graphs of the Sybase service group.

See "About the sample configurations for Sybase agent" on page 51.

■ Resource type and the attribute definitions of the Sybase and SybaseBk agents.

Note: For Solaris 10, if you are configuring a service group for a Sybase instance running in a Solaris container, you must make sure that the ContainerOpts attribute for the agent is set to monitor these Sybase instances running. By default, the attribute is set to monitor these Sybase instances.

See "About the resource type and attribute definitions" on page 45.

#### **Encrypting passwords**

VCS One provides an haencrypt utility to encrypt user passwords. Encrypt passwords before specifying them for Sybase and SybaseBk resource type definition.

#### To encrypt passwords

- From the path \$CLUSTER\_HOME/bin/, run the haencrypt utility.
- Type the following command.

```
# haencrypt -agent
```

The utility prompts you to enter the password twice. Enter the password and press Return.

```
Enter New Password:
Enter Again:
```

- The utility encrypts the password and displays the encrypted password.
- Enter this encrypted password as the value for the attribute. Copy the encrypted password for future reference.

## About setting up detail monitoring for the agent for **Sybase**

The Veritas agent for Sybase provides two levels of application monitoring: basic and detail. In basic monitoring, Sybase resource monitors the Sybase daemon processes to verify that they are continuously active.

To activate detail monitoring, the DetailMonitor attribute must be set to a positive integer and User, UPword, Db, and Table attributes must not be empty (""). The attribute Monscript, which contains the path of the detail monitor script, must also exist and must have execute permissions for the root.

#### **Enabling detail monitoring**

Perform the following steps to enable detail monitoring on a database.

#### To enable detail monitoring

Freeze the service group to avoid automated actions by VCS One caused by an incomplete reconfiguration:

```
# hagrp -freeze service group
```

See "Configuring Sybase for detail monitoring" on page 26.

2 Enable detail monitoring for Sybase.

```
# hares -modify Sybase resource DetailMonitor 1
# hares -modify Sybase resource User user
# hares -modify Sybase resource UPword encrypted password
# hares -modify Sybase resource Db database name
# hares -modify Sybase resource Table table name
# hares -modify Sybase resource Monscript
"/opt/VRTSagents/ha/bin/Sybase/SqlTest.pl"
```

**3** Unfreeze the service group.

```
# hagrp -unfreeze service group
```

**Note:** If detail monitoring is configured and the database is full, the SQL queries take considerable time to commit the results. In such a case, the monitor routine for the agent fails and attempts to fail over the service group. This issue is not encountered if detail monitoring is not configured.

#### Disabling detail monitoring for the agent for Sybase

Perform the following steps to disable detail monitoring.

#### To disable detail monitoring

Disable detail monitoring for Sybase.

```
# hares -modify Sybase resource DetailMonitor 0
```

5

# Troubleshooting Cluster Server One agent for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About troubleshooting Cluster Server One agent for Sybase
- **■** Error messages
- Viewing the agent log for Sybase

## About troubleshooting Cluster Server One agent for Sybase

Review the description of the error messages for the following agents and the possible solutions:

- Sybase agent
- Sybase Bk agent

## **Error messages**

Monitor procedure %s did not exit. Return value is %s

The in-depth monitor procedure specified using the [Monscript] attribute did not exit. The return code is as reported by the waitpid() system call for the execution of in-depth monitor script. For additional information, refer to man page for waitpid() system call.

Verify for correctness, the in-depth monitor procedure specified using [Monscript] attribute. Fix the in-depth monitor procedure and ensure that it exits with correct value as understood by the VCS One agent framework.

Refer to the Veritas Cluster Server One Agent Developer's Guide for possible values that a script based monitor entry point (agent function) can return.

```
Setting cookie for proc = %s, PID = %s
```

The specified process is identified to be running and its process identifier (PID) is cached in the agent in the form of an internal cookie.

No action needed. This is an informational message.

#### Viewing the agent log for Sybase

The VCS One agent for Sybase logs messages to the following files:

/var/VRTSvcsone/log/engine A.log

/var/VRTSvcsone/log/vcsoneclientd A.log

/var/VRTSvcsone/log/Sybase A.log

Appendix

# Resource type definitions

This appendix includes the following topics:

- About the resource type and attribute definitions
- Sybase resource type
- Attribute definitions for Sybase
- SybaseBk resource type
- Attribute definitions for SybaseBk

### About the resource type and attribute definitions

The resource type represents the VCS One configuration definition of the agent and specifies how the agent is defined in the configuration file main.xml. The Attribute Definitions explain the attributes associated with the agent. The Required attributes explain the attributes that must be configured for the agent to function properly.

Refer to the sample SybaseTypes.platform.xml files in /etc/VRTSagents/ha/conf/Sybase directory.

#### Sybase resource type

The VCS One agent for Sybase is represented by the Sybase resource type in VCS One.

#### Attribute definitions for Sybase

The Sybase resource has several required and optional attributes.

Table A-1 lists the required attributes.

Required attributes Table A-1

Required Attributes	Definition
Server	The\$DSQUERYASE name. Only one server should be configured in a Sybase service group. The advantage of configuring sybase resources in a separate service group is, each sybase dataserver can failover independently. When multiple sybase resources are configured in single service group, please note that even if one of the "n" dataservers fail, the whole service group will be failed over.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
Owner	Sybase user as the defined owner of executables and database files in any of the sources (such as NIS+, /etc/hosts, and so on) specified in the /etc/nsswitch.conf file for passwd entry. The Sybase executables and database files are accessed in the context of this user.  Type and dimension: string-scalar  See "System user for Sybase home directory" on page 23.
Home	The \$SYBASE path to Sybase binaries and configuration files.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
Version	Version of Sybase ASE.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
SA	Sybase database administrator. This attribute is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
SApswd	Encrypted password for Sybase database administrator. This password is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	See "Encrypting passwords" on page 40.
	<b>Note:</b> You need not specify a value for this attribute if the SA user does not require a password.

Table A-2 lists the optional attributes.

Table A-2 Optional attributes

<b>Optional Attributes</b>	Definition
AgentDirectory	This attribute is for internal use only.
	Type and dimension: static-string
	Specifies the location of the binaries, scripts, and other files related to the agent for Sybase. Symantec recommends not to modify the value of this attribute.
DetailMonitor	Specifies whether the Sybase server is monitored in detail. Value 1 indicates that the resource monitors the Sybase server in detail. Value 0 denotes it does not. Default is 0.
	Type and dimension: int-scalar
User	The database user, in the context of which, the transactions are performed on the database.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	<b>Note:</b> You must specify a value for this attribute if DetailMonitor is set to a non-zero value.
UPword	Encrypted password for the database user.
	See "Encrypting passwords" on page 40.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	<b>Note:</b> You must specify a value for this attribute if DetailMonitor is set to a non-zero value. However, you need not specify a value for this attribute if the database user does not require a password.
Db	Name of the database used for detailed monitoring. The table used by the detail monitor script resides in this database.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	<b>Note:</b> You must specify a value for this attribute if DetailMonitor is set to a non-zero value.
Table	Name of the table on which the detail monitoring script performs the transactions.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	<b>Note:</b> You must specify a value for this attribute if DetailMonitor is set to a non-zero value.

Table A-2 Optional attributes (continued)

Optional Attributes	Definition
Monscript	The path to the detail monitor script; the default value for this attribute is the path for the script, SqlTest.pl, provided with the agent.  Type and dimension: string-scalar  Note: You must specify a value for this attribute if DetailMonitor
	is set to a non-zero value.
ContainerOpts	This resource-type level attribute specifies the container options
(Only Solaris 10)	for the Sybase instances that run in the context of Solaris containers (zones or projects). This attribute has the following keys, which can take values 0 or 1:
	■ RunInContainer (RIC)
	Set the key value as 1 for the Sybase agent to monitor Sybase instances running in the context of Solaris container.  Set the key value as 0 if you do not want to run the Sybase resource in the context of Solaris container.  Default is 1.
	PassCInfo (PCI)
	Set the key value as 1 for the Sybase resource to get the container information defined in the VCS One service group's ContainerInfo attribute.
	Set the key value as 0 if you do not want to get the container information.  Default is 1.
	PassLoadInfo (PLI)
	Set the key value as 1 for the Sybase resource to get the load dimensions defined in the VCS One service group's Load attribute.
	Set the key value as 0 if you do not want to get the load information.  Default is 0.
	See Veritas Cluster Server One User's Guide.
	Type and dimension: static-assoc-int

## SybaseBk resource type

The VCS One agent for Sybase is represented by the SybaseBk resource type in VCS One.

## Attribute definitions for SybaseBk

The SybaseBk resource has several required and optional attributes.

Table A-3 lists the required attributes for SybaseBk resource.

Required attributes Table A-3

Attributes	Definition
Server	The\$DSQUERY Backup server name. Only one server should be configured in a Sybase service group. The advantage of configuring sybase resources in a separate service group is, each sybase dataserver can failover independently. When multiple sybase resources are configured in single service group, please note that even if one of the "n" dataservers fail, the whole service group will be failed over.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
Owner	Sybase user as the defined owner of executables and database files in any of the sources (such as NIS+, /etc/hosts, and so on) specified in the /etc/nsswitch.conf file for passwd entry. The Sybase executables and database files are accessed in the context of this user.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
Home	The \$SYBASE path to Sybase binaries and configuration files.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
Version	Version of Sybase Backup Server.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
Backupserver	The \$BACKUP SYBASE Backup Server name.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
SA	Sybase database administrator. This attribute is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.  Type and dimension: string-scalar
SApswd	Encrypted password of Sybase database administrator. This password is required to connect to the ASE for shutdown.
	Type and dimension: string-scalar
	See "Encrypting passwords" on page 40.
	<b>Note:</b> You need not specify a value for this attribute if the SA user does not require a password.

Table A-2 lists the optional attributes.

Optional attributes Table A-4

Definition	
This attribute is for internal use only.	
Type and dimension: static-string	
Specifies the location of the binaries, scripts, and other files related to the agent for Sybase. Symantec recommends not to modify the value of this attribute.	
This resource-type level attribute specifies the container options	
for the SybaseBk instances that run in the context of Solaris containers (zones or projects) This attribute has the followin keys, which can take values 0 or 1:	
<ul> <li>RunInContainer (RIC)</li> <li>Set the key value as 1 for the SybaseBk agent to monitor Sybase instances running in the context of Solaris container.</li> <li>Set the key value as 0 if you do not want to run the Sybase resource in the context of Solaris container.</li> <li>Default is 1.</li> <li>PassCInfo (PCI)</li> <li>Set the key value as 1 for the SybaseBk resource to get the container information defined in the VCS One service group's ContainerInfo attribute.</li> <li>Set the key value as 0 if you do not want to get the container information.</li> <li>Default is 1.</li> <li>PassLoadInfo (PLI)</li> <li>Set the key value as 1 for the SybaseBk resource to get the load dimensions defined in the VCS One service group's Load attribute.</li> <li>Set the key value as 0 if you do not want to get the load information.</li> <li>Default is 0.</li> <li>See Veritas Cluster Server One User's Guide.</li> <li>Type and dimension: static-assoc-int</li> </ul>	

Appendix\_B

## Sample Configurations

This appendix includes the following topics:

- About the sample configurations for Sybase agent
- Sample Sybase instance configuration

### About the sample configurations for Sybase agent

The sample configuration include descriptions for typical service groups that are configured to monitor the state of Sybase in a VCS One cluster.

The sample dependency graphs depict the resource types, resources, and resource dependencies within the service group. Review these dependencies carefully before configuring the agent.

For more information about VCS One resource types, see the *Veritas Cluster Server One Bundled Agents Reference Guide*.

## Sample Sybase instance configuration

Figure B-1 describes a typical service group configured to monitor the state of a Sybase instance in a VCS One cluster

sybase\_bk\_agent SybaseBk) Sybase sybase\_agent ipres Mount IΡ sybase\_mount Volume volres nicres NIC DiskGroup dgres

Figure B-1 Dependency graph

The dependency graph depicts a single Sybase instance configuration. The configuration contains a disk group with a single volume. The volume is monitored using a Volume resource and mounted using a Mount resource. The Mount resource requires Volume resource, which in turn requires the DiskGroup resource. The service group IP address for Sybase server is monitored using the IP and NIC resource types. The Sybase server can be started after each of these resources are brought online. The Backup Server is started after the Sybase SQL Server is online.

**Note:** If your configuration does not use Veritas Volume Manager, use the DiskReservation resource type to configure shared storage instead of the DiskGroup and Volume resource types.

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